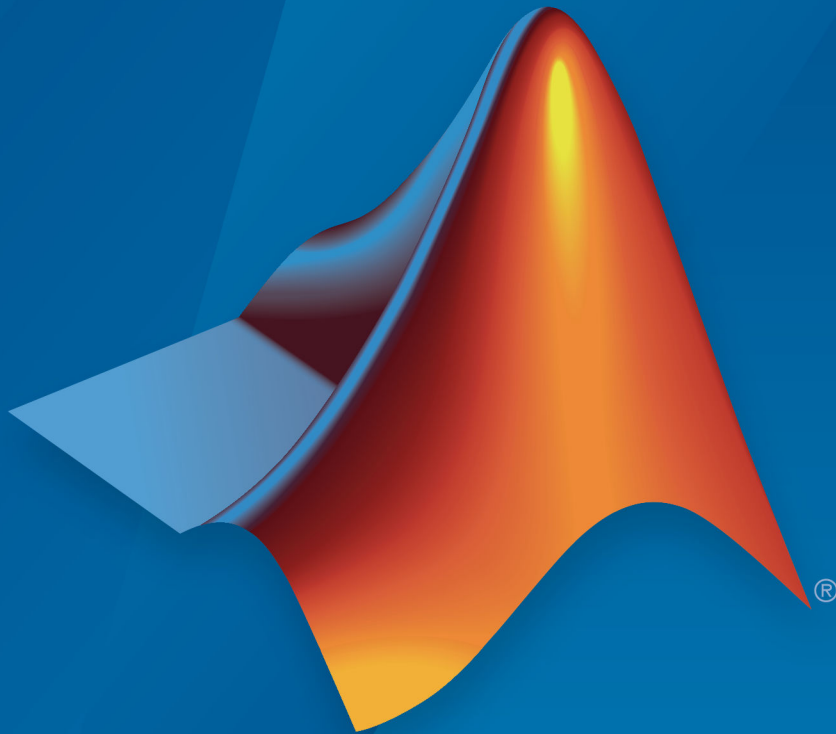


Simulink®

Modeling Guidelines for High-Integrity Systems



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R2017b



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Modeling Guidelines for High-Integrity Systems

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Introduction

- “Motivation” on page 1-2
- “Guideline Template” on page 1-3
- “Model Advisor Checks for High-Integrity Modeling Guidelines” on page 1-4

Motivation

MathWorks intends the guidelines for engineers developing models and generating code for high-integrity systems using Model-Based Design with MathWorks products. The guidelines provide recommendations for creating Simulink models that are complete, unambiguous, statically deterministic, robust, and verifiable. The guidelines focus on model settings, block usage, and block parameters that impact simulation behavior or code generated by the Embedded Coder® product.

These guidelines do not assume that you use a particular safety or certification standard. The guidelines reference some safety standards where applicable, including:

- DO-178C / DO-331
- IEC 61508
- IEC 62304
- ISO 26262
- EN 50128
- MISRA C

The guidelines might also be applicable to related standards, including IEC 62304, and DO-254.

You can use the Model Advisor to support adhering to these guidelines. Each guideline lists the checks that are applicable to that guideline, or to parts of that guideline.

The guidelines do not address model style or development processes. For more information about creating models in a way that improves consistency, clarity, and readability, see the “MAAB Control Algorithm Modeling” guidelines. Development process guidance and additional information for specific standards is available with the IEC Certification Kit (for ISO 26262 and IEC 61508) and DO Qualification Kit (for DO-178) products.

Disclaimer While adhering to the recommendations in the guidelines will reduce the risk that an error is introduced during development and not be detected, it is not a guarantee that the system being developed will be safe. Conversely, if some of the recommendations in the guidelines are not followed, it does not mean that the system being developed will be unsafe.

Guideline Template

Guideline descriptions are documented, using the following template. Companies that want to create additional guidelines are encouraged to use the same template.

ID: Title	<i>XX_nnnn</i> : Title of the guideline (unique, short)
Description	Description of the guideline
Prerequisites	Links to guidelines that are prerequisites to this guideline (ID: Title)
Notes	Notes for using the guideline
Rationale	Rationale for providing the guideline
Model Advisor Check	Title of and link to the corresponding Model Advisor check, if a check exists
References	References to standards that apply to guideline
See Also	Links to additional information
Last Changed	Version number of last change
Examples	Guideline examples

Model Advisor Checks for High-Integrity Modeling Guidelines

Simulink Check includes Model Advisor checks for compliance with safety standards referenced in the high-integrity guidelines, including:

- DO-178C / DO-331
- IEC 61508
- IEC 62304
- ISO 26262
- EN 50128

The high-integrity guidelines and corresponding Model Advisor checks are summarized in the table. For the guidelines that do not have Model Advisor checks, it is not possible to automate checking of the guideline. Guidelines without a corresponding check are noted as not applicable.

Run the checks from these Model Advisor folders:

- **Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems**
- **Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems**
- **Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems**
- **Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems**
- **Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems**

For information on using the Model Advisor, see Run Model Checks.

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Math Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Math Operations blocks
hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Math Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Math Operations blocks

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks	Not applicable
hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Math Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Math Operations blocks
hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data
hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks
hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks
hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks
hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks
hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks
hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems	Not applicable
hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory
hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks	Not applicable
hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks
hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks
hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks
hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012</p> <p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C: 2012</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment</p>
hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</p>
hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals	Not applicable
hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active</p>
hisl_0024: Inport interface definition	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for root Inports with missing properties</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for root Inports with missing properties</p>
hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for root Inports with missing range definitions</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for root Inports with missing range definitions</p>

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces	DO-178C/DO-331: Check for root Outports with missing range definitions IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for root Outports with missing range definitions
hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks	Not applicable
hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Math Operations blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Math Operations blocks
hisl_0031: File and folder names	Not applicable
hisl_0032: Model object names	DO-178C/DO-331: Check model object names IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check model object names
hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of lookup table blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of lookup table blocks
hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Signal Routing blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Signal Routing blocks
hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related model referencing settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related model referencing settings
hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related code generation settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related code generation settings
hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related code generation settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related code generation settings
hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time
hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related solver settings for solver options IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related solver settings for solver options
hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time
hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time
hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings
hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings
hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related code generation settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related code generation settings
hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings
hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related code generation settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related code generation settings
hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings
hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings
hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related optimization settings IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related optimization settings
hisl_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems	Not applicable
hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	DO-178C/DO-331: Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012 IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012 In Modeling Standards for MISRA C:2012 folder: Check for bitwise operations on signed integers

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects</p> <p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Stateflow constructs</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Stateflow constructs</p>
hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions	Not applicable
hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable
hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check for model elements that do not link to requirements</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for model elements that do not link to requirements</p>
hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable
hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable
hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C: 2012 compliance	Not applicable
hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility
hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters
hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks
hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization
hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging
hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity
hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity
hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions
hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing
hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow	DO-178C/DO-331: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow
hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable
hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C: 2012 compliance	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable
hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics	DO-178C/DO-331: Check state machine type of Stateflow charts IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check state machine type of Stateflow charts
hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order	DO-178C/DO-331: Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Stateflow constructs IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Stateflow constructs
hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations	In Modeling Standards for MAAB > Stateflow folder: Check for bitwise operations in Stateflow charts
hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior	Not applicable
hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)	Not applicable
hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)	DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Stateflow constructs IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Stateflow constructs

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check Stateflow debugging options</p> <p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of Stateflow constructs</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check Stateflow debugging options</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of Stateflow constructs</p>
hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries</p>
hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)	Not applicable
hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing</p>
hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve code compliance	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data</p>
hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve code compliance	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: Check assignment operations in Stateflow charts</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check assignment operations in Stateflow charts</p>

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve code compliance	DO-178C/DO-331: Check Stateflow charts for unary operators IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check Stateflow charts for unary operators
hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	Not applicable
himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers	Not applicable
himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries	DO-178C/DO-331: Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties
himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity	DO-178C/DO-331: Check MATLAB Function metrics IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check MATLAB Function metrics
himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation	DO-178C/DO-331: Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages
himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions	DO-178C/DO-331: Check MATLAB code for global variables IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: Check MATLAB code for global variables
himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns	Not applicable
himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Model Advisor Checks
himl_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types	Not applicable
himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators	Not applicable
himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions	Not applicable

Simulink Block Considerations

- “Math Operations” on page 2-2
- “Ports & Subsystems” on page 2-19
- “Signal Routing” on page 2-38
- “Logic and Bit Operations” on page 2-49
- “Lookup Table Blocks” on page 2-56

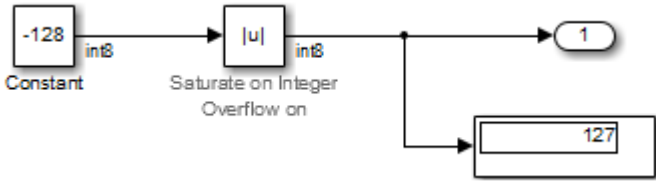
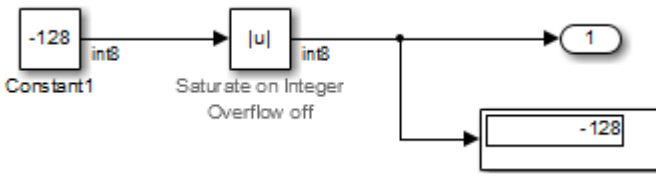
Math Operations

In this section...
“hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block” on page 2-2
“hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)” on page 2-4
“hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks” on page 2-6
“hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks” on page 2-7
“hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)” on page 2-9
“hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks” on page 2-13
“hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks” on page 2-15

hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block

ID: Title	hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Abs block,	
	A	Avoid Boolean and unsigned integer data types as inputs to the Abs block.
	B	In the Abs block parameter dialog box, select Saturate on integer overflow .
Notes	<p>The Abs block does not support Boolean data types. Specifying an unsigned input data type, might optimize the Abs block out of the generated code, resulting in a block you cannot trace to the generated code.</p> <p>For signed data types, Simulink does not represent the absolute value of the most negative value. When you select Saturate on integer overflow, the absolute value of the data type saturates to the most positive representable value. When you clear Saturate on integer overflow, absolute value calculations in the simulation and generated code might not be consistent or expected.</p>	
Rationale	A	Support generation of traceable code.
	B	Achieve consistent and expected behavior of model simulation and generated code.

ID: Title	hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table B.8 (3) 'Control Flow Analysis' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • ISO 26262-6, Table 9 (f) 'Control flow analysis' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.19 (3) 'Control Flow Analysis' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.d 'Low-level requirements are verifiable' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block
Examples	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-bottom: 20px;">  </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-bottom: 20px;"> <p style="margin-right: 10px;">Recommended</p>  </div> <p>Not Recommended</p> </div>

hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)

ID: Title	hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Math Function block with remainder-after-division (<code>rem</code>) or reciprocal (<code>reciprocal</code>) functions:	
	A	Protect the input of the <code>reciprocal</code> function from going to zero.
	B	Protect the second input of the <code>rem</code> function from going to zero.
Note	You can get a divide-by-zero operation, resulting in an infinite (<code>Inf</code>) output value for the <code>reciprocal</code> function, or a Not-a-Number (<code>NaN</code>) output value for the <code>rem</code> function. To avoid overflows or undefined values, protect the corresponding input from going to zero.	
Rationale	A, B	Protect against overflows and undefined numerical results.

ID: Title	hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1
Last Changed	R2017b

ID: Title	hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)
Examples	<p>In the following example, when the input signal oscillates around zero, the output exhibits a large change in value. You need further protection against the large change in value.</p> <p>The figure contains two Simulink diagrams. The top diagram shows an input signal '1' entering a saturation block with limits 0 and eps. The signal then passes through a 'u' block (representing the absolute value function) and a '1/u' reciprocal block, resulting in an output of '1'. The bottom diagram shows an input signal '3' entering a similar saturation block. The signal then passes through a 'u' block and a 'rem' block, resulting in an output of '2'.</p>

hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Square Root block, do one of the following:	
	A	Account for complex numbers as the output.
	B	Protect the input from going negative.

ID: Title	hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks	
Rationale	A, B	Avoid undesirable results in generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1 	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Examples	<p>The top diagram shows a square root block \sqrt{u} receiving an input of -100. The output is 2, and a note indicates 'Output Data: Complex'. A display box shows the result as $0 + 10i$.</p> <p>The bottom diagram shows an absolute value block u receiving an input of -100, followed by a square root block labeled 'sqrt2' with output 1. A display box shows the result as 10.</p>	

hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks

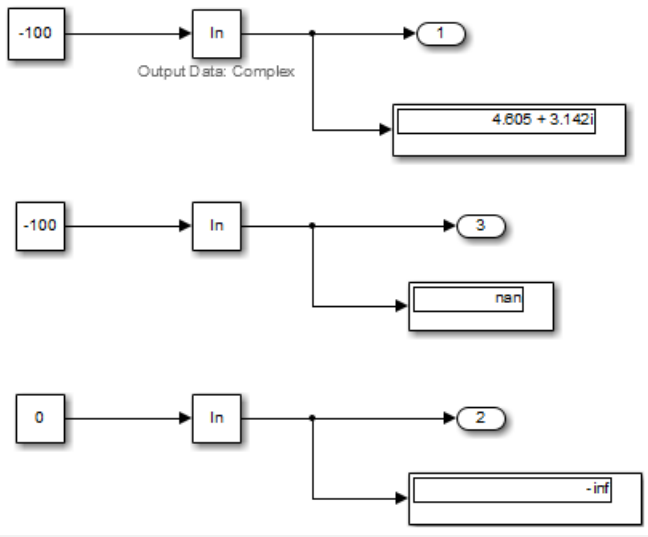
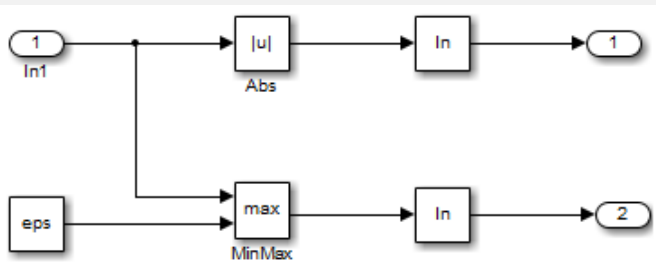
ID: Title	hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Reciprocal Square Root block, do one of the following:	
	A	Protect the input from going negative.

ID: Title	hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks	
	B	Protect the input from going to zero.
Note	You can get a divide-by-zero operation, resulting in an (Inf) output value for the reciprocal function. To avoid overflows or undefined values, protect the corresponding input from going to zero.	
Rationale	A, B	Avoid undesirable results in generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1 	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Examples		

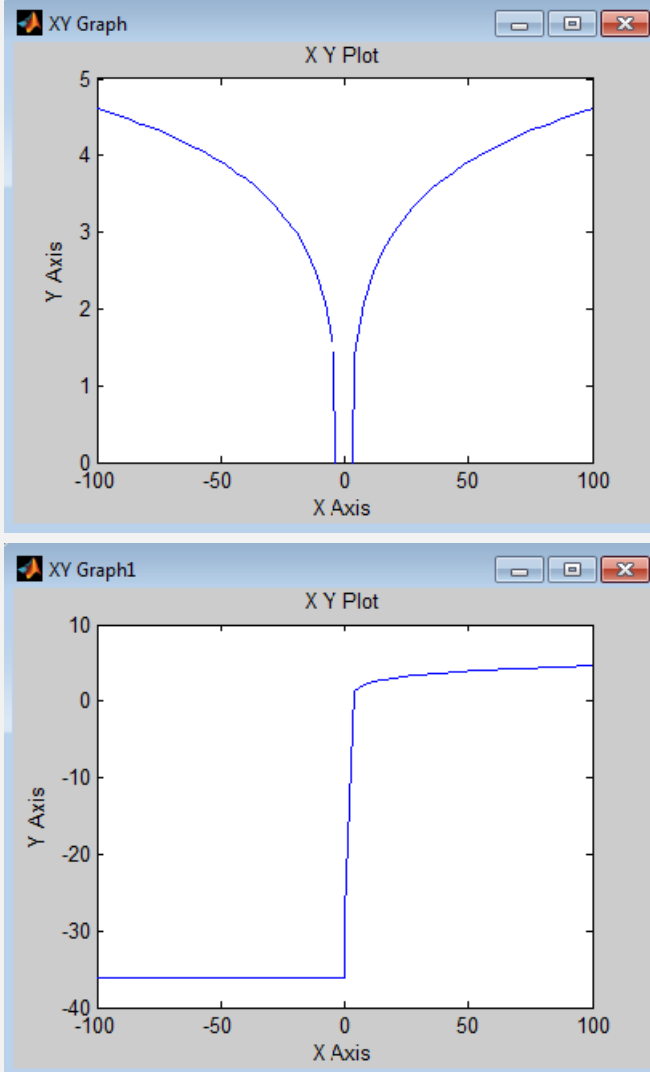
hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)

ID: Title	hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Math Function block with natural logarithm (\log) or base 10 logarithm (\log_{10}) function parameters,	
	A	Protect the input from going negative.
	B	Protect the input from equaling zero.
	C	Account for complex numbers as the output value.
Notes	If you set the output data type to complex, the natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm functions output complex values for negative input values. If you set the output data type to real, the functions output NAN for negative numbers, and minus infinity ($-\text{inf}$) for zero values.	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support generation of robust code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1
Last Changed	R2017b

ID: Title	hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)
Examples	 <p>Output Data: Complex</p> <p>4.605 + 3.142i</p> <p>nan</p> <p>-inf</p> <p>You can protect against:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negative numbers using an Abs block. • Zero values using a combination of the MinMax block and a Constant block, with Constant value set to <code>eps</code> (epsilon). <p>The following example displays the resulting output for input values ranging from -100 to 100.</p>  <p>1 In1</p> <p> u Abs</p> <p>ln</p> <p>1</p> <p>eps</p> <p>max MinMax</p> <p>ln</p> <p>2</p>

ID: Title hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)



hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Product block with divisor inputs,	
	A	In <code>Element-wise(.*)</code> mode, protect divisor inputs from going to zero.
	B	In <code>Matrix(*)</code> mode, protect divisor inputs from becoming singular input matrices.
	C	Set the model configuration parameter Diagnostics > Data Validity > Signals > Division by singular matrix to <code>error</code> .
Notes	When using Product blocks for element-wise divisions, you might get a divide by zero, resulting in a NaN output. To avoid overflows, protect divisor inputs from going to zero.	
	When using Product blocks to compute the inverse of a matrix, or a matrix division, you might get a divide by a singular matrix. This division results in a NaN output. To avoid overflows, protect divisor inputs from becoming singular input matrices.	
	During simulation, while the software inverts one of the input values of a Product block that is in matrix multiplication mode, the Division by singular matrix diagnostic can detect a singular matrix.	
Rationale	A, B, C	Protect against overflows.

ID: Title	hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks
<p>Model Advisor Checks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data.</p>

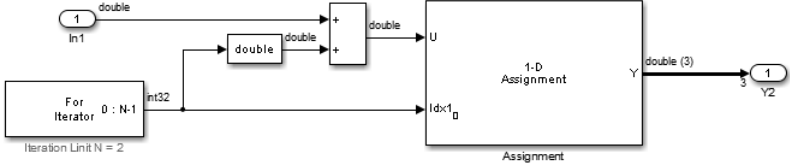
ID: Title	hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.4.2.2 'Robustness Test Cases' • DO-331, Section MB.6.4.3 'Requirements-Based Testing Methods' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Assignment block, initialize array fields before their first use.
Notes	<p>If the output vector of the Assignment block is not initialized with an input to the block, elements of the vector might not be initialized in the generated code.</p> <p>When the Assignment block is used iteratively and all array field are assigned during one simulation time step, you do not need initialization input to the block.</p> <p>Accessing uninitialized elements of block output can result in unexpected behavior.</p>
Rationale	Avoid undesirable results in generated code.

ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Math Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Math Operations blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 9.1
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
Examples	<div data-bbox="382 348 1184 522" data-label="Diagram"> <p>The diagram shows a '1-D Assignment' block. It has two inputs: 'U' (double, 1) and 'Idx1' (int32, 0). The output is 'Y' (double, 2). This output 'Y' is connected to a 'Selector' block, which has two outputs, one of which is 'Y2' (double, 1).</p> </div> <div data-bbox="342 552 1065 961" data-label="Code-Block"> <pre> 31 /* Model step function */ 32 void Assignment1_step(void) 33 { 34 real T rtb_Assignment[2]; 35 36 /* Assignment: '<Root>/Assignment' incorporates: 37 * Constant: '<Root>/Constant' 38 * Inport: '<Root>/U3' 39 */ 40 rtb_Assignment[0] = Assignment1 U.U3; 41 42 /* Outport: '<Root>/Y2' */ 43 Assignment1 Y.Y2 = rtb_Assignment[1]; 44 } </pre> </div> <p data-bbox="332 996 1267 1025">Not Recommended: No initialization input Y0 when block is not used iteratively</p> <div data-bbox="397 1095 1114 1315" data-label="Diagram"> <p>The diagram shows a '1-D Assignment' block. It has three inputs: 'Y0' (double, 3), 'U' (double, 1), and 'Idx1' (int32, 2). The output is 'Y' (double, 3).</p> </div>

ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
	<pre data-bbox="347 302 1154 682"> /* Model step function */ 32 void Assignment2_step(void) 33 { 34 /* Assignment: '<Root>/Assignment' incorporates: 35 * Constant: '<Root>/Constant' 36 * Inport: '<Root>/In1' 37 * Inport: '<Root>/In2' 38 */ 39 Assignment2 Y.Y2[0] = 0.0; 40 Assignment2 Y.Y2[1] = 0.0; 41 Assignment2 Y.Y2[2] = 0.0; 42 Assignment2 Y.Y2[Assignment2 U.In2] = Assignment2 U.In1; 43 } </pre> <p data-bbox="338 716 1173 748">Recommended: Initialization input Y0 when block is not used iteratively</p>  <pre data-bbox="347 1034 1181 1459"> /* Model step function */ 32 void Assignment3_step(void) 33 { 34 int32 T s1_iter; 35 36 /* Outputs for Iterator SubSystem: '<Root>/For Iterator SubSystem' incorporates: 37 * ForIterator: '<S1>/For Iterator' 38 */ 39 for (s1_iter = 0; s1_iter < 2; s1_iter++) { 40 /* Assignment: '<S1>/Assignment' incorporates: 41 * DataTypeConversion: '<S1>/Data Type Conversion' 42 * Inport: '<Root>/In1' 43 * Sum: '<S1>/Add' 44 */ 45 Assignment3 Y.Out1[s1_iter] = Assignment3 U.In1 + ((real T)s1_iter); 46 } 47 48 /* End of Outputs for SubSystem: '<Root>/For Iterator SubSystem' */ 49 } </pre> <p data-bbox="338 1494 1121 1525">Recommended: Initialize array fields when block is used iteratively</p>

Ports & Subsystems

In this section...
“hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks” on page 2-19
“hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems” on page 2-21
“hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks” on page 2-22
“hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks” on page 2-24
“hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-25
“hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-28
“hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems” on page 2-30
“hisl_0024: Inport interface definition” on page 2-32
“hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces” on page 2-34
“hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces” on page 2-36

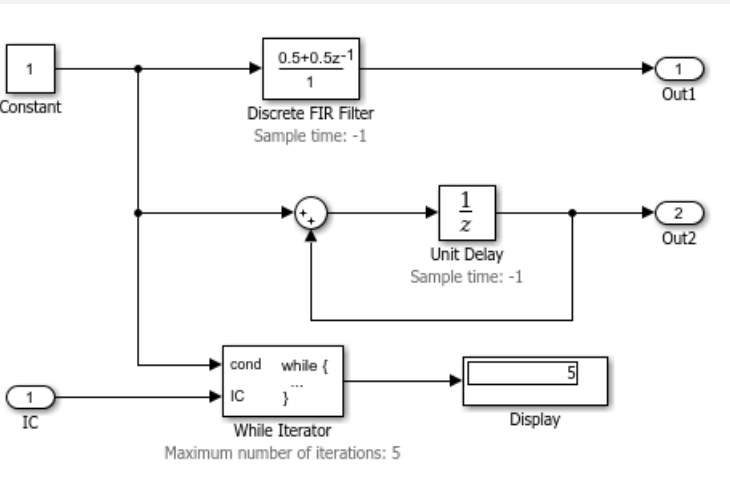
hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks	
Description	To support bounded iterative behavior in the generated code when using the While Iterator block, in the While Iterator block parameters dialog box:	
	A	Set Maximum number of iterations to a positive integer value; do not set value to —1 for unlimited.
	B	Consider selecting Show iteration number port to observe the iteration value during simulation.
Note	When you use While Iterator subsystems, set the maximum number of iterations. If you use an unlimited number of iterations, the generated code might include infinite loops, which lead to execution-time overruns.	
	To observe the iteration value during simulation and determine whether the loop reaches the maximum number of iterations, select the While Iterator block parameter Show iteration number port . If the loop reaches the maximum number of iterations, verify the output values of the While Iterator block.	
Rationale	A, B	Support bounded iterative in the generated code.

ID: Title	hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1
Last Changed	R2016a

hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems

ID: Title	hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems
Description	To support unambiguous behavior, when using While Iterator subsystems, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks, such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions, within the subsystems.
Rationale	Avoid ambiguous behavior from the subsystem.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems
Examples	<p>The following example causes a warning: the Discrete FIR Filter block is time-dependent and is in a For or While Iterator subsystem.</p>  <p>The diagram illustrates a Simulink model where a 'While Iterator' block (with 'Maximum number of iterations: 5') contains three parallel paths. The top path starts with a 'Constant' block (value 1) that feeds into a 'Discrete FIR Filter' block (transfer function $\frac{0.5+0.5z^{-1}}{1}$, sample time -1), which outputs to 'Out1'. The middle path starts with the same 'Constant' block (value 1) that feeds into a summing junction (+). The bottom path starts with an 'IC' block (value 1) that feeds into the same summing junction. The output of the summing junction feeds into a 'Unit Delay' block (transfer function $\frac{1}{z}$, sample time -1), which outputs to 'Out2'. The output of the 'Unit Delay' block also feeds into a 'Display' block showing the value 5.</p>

hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator blocks								
Description	<p>To support bounded iterative behavior in the generated code when using the For Iterator block, do one of the following:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="373 1085 1338 1418"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1085 452 1159">A</td> <td data-bbox="458 1085 1338 1159">In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, set Iteration limit source to <i>internal</i>.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1166 452 1241">B</td> <td data-bbox="458 1166 1338 1241">If Iteration limit source must be <i>external</i>, use a block that has a constant value, such as a Width, Probe, or Constant.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1248 452 1322">C</td> <td data-bbox="458 1248 1338 1322">In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, clear Set next i (iteration variable) externally.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1329 452 1418">D</td> <td data-bbox="458 1329 1338 1418">In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, consider selecting Show iteration variable to observe the iteration value during simulation.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, set Iteration limit source to <i>internal</i> .	B	If Iteration limit source must be <i>external</i> , use a block that has a constant value, such as a Width, Probe, or Constant.	C	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, clear Set next i (iteration variable) externally .	D	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, consider selecting Show iteration variable to observe the iteration value during simulation.
A	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, set Iteration limit source to <i>internal</i> .								
B	If Iteration limit source must be <i>external</i> , use a block that has a constant value, such as a Width, Probe, or Constant.								
C	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, clear Set next i (iteration variable) externally .								
D	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, consider selecting Show iteration variable to observe the iteration value during simulation.								

ID: Title	hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator blocks	
Notes	When you use the For Iterator block, feed the loop control variable with fixed (nonvariable) values to get a predictable number of loop iterations. Otherwise, a loop can result in unpredictable execution times and, in the case of external iteration variables, infinite loops that can lead to execution-time overruns.	
Rationale	A, B, C, D	Support bounded iterative behavior in generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator blocks
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, MB.Section 6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 14.2
Last Changed	R2016a

hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks

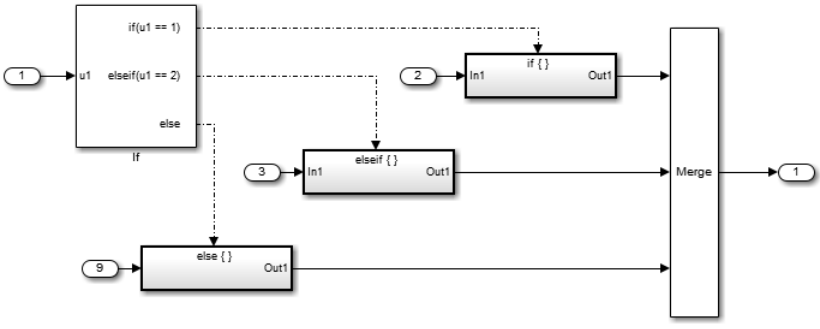
ID: Title	hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks
Description	To support unambiguous behavior when using the For Iterator Subsystem block, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions within the subsystem.
Rationale	Avoid ambiguous behavior from the subsystem.

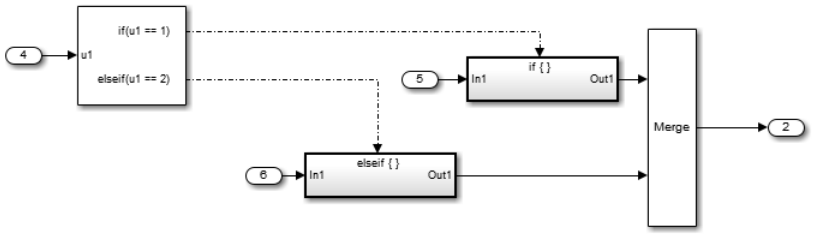
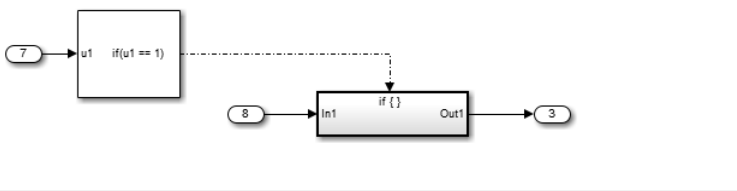
ID: Title	hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	See “hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems” on page 2-21.

hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks	
Description	To support verifiable generated code, when using the If block with nonempty <code>Elseif</code> expressions,	
	A	In the block parameter dialog box, select Show else condition .

ID: Title	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks	
	B	Connect the outports of the If block to If Action Subsystem blocks.
Prerequisites	"hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators" on page 2-49	
Notes	The combination of If and If Action Subsystem blocks enable conditional execution based on input conditions. When there is only an <code>if</code> branch, you do not need to include an <code>else</code> branch.	
Rationale	A, B	Support generation of verifiable code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b – High-level requirements are accurate and consistent • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b – Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent
See Also	na_0012: Use of Switch vs. If-Then-Else Action Subsystem in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	 <p>Recommended: Elseif with Else</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks
	 <p>The diagram shows an input signal 'u1' (labeled 4) entering an 'if-elseif' block. The block has two conditions: 'if(u1 == 1)' and 'elseif(u1 == 2)'. The 'if' path leads to an 'if {}' block (labeled 5), and the 'elseif' path leads to an 'elseif {}' block (labeled 6). Both of these blocks have an 'In1' and 'Out1' port. The outputs of both 'if {}' and 'elseif {}' blocks are connected to a 'Merge' block, which then outputs to a signal labeled '2'.</p>
	<p>Not Recommended: No Else Path</p>
	 <p>The diagram shows an input signal 'u1' (labeled 7) entering an 'if(u1 == 1)' block. The output of this block is connected to an 'if {}' block (labeled 8). The 'if {}' block has an 'In1' and 'Out1' port, and its output is labeled '3'.</p>
	<p>Recommended: Only an If, no Else required</p>

hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks						
Description	<p>To support verifiable generated code, when using the Switch Case block:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="373 1119 1338 1350"> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1119 452 1197">A</td> <td data-bbox="458 1119 1338 1197">In the Switch Case block parameter dialog box, select Show default case.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1204 452 1267">B</td> <td data-bbox="458 1204 1338 1267">Connect the outputs of the Switch Case block to a Switch Case Action Subsystem block.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 1274 452 1350">C</td> <td data-bbox="458 1274 1338 1350">Use an integer data type or an enumeration value for the inputs to Switch Case blocks.</td> </tr> </table>	A	In the Switch Case block parameter dialog box, select Show default case .	B	Connect the outputs of the Switch Case block to a Switch Case Action Subsystem block.	C	Use an integer data type or an enumeration value for the inputs to Switch Case blocks.
A	In the Switch Case block parameter dialog box, select Show default case .						
B	Connect the outputs of the Switch Case block to a Switch Case Action Subsystem block.						
C	Use an integer data type or an enumeration value for the inputs to Switch Case blocks.						
Prerequisites	“hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-49						
Notes	The combination of Switch Case and If Action Subsystem blocks enable conditional execution based on input conditions. Provide a default path of execution in the form of a “Default” block.						

ID: Title	hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support generation of verifiable code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks.</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 16.4 • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b – High-level requirements are accurate and consistent • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b – Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent 	
See Also	db_0115: Simulink patterns for case constructs in the Simulink documentation.	

ID: Title	hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	<p>The following graphic displays an example of providing a default path of execution using a “Default” block.</p>

hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems

ID: Title	hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems				
Description	<p>To support unambiguous behavior, when using conditionally executed subsystems:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>Specify inherited (-1) sample times for all blocks in the subsystem, except Constant. Constant blocks can use infinite (inf) sample time.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>If the subsystem is called asynchronously, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks, such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions, within the subsystem.</td> </tr> </table>	A	Specify inherited (-1) sample times for all blocks in the subsystem, except Constant. Constant blocks can use infinite (inf) sample time.	B	If the subsystem is called asynchronously, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks, such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions, within the subsystem.
A	Specify inherited (-1) sample times for all blocks in the subsystem, except Constant. Constant blocks can use infinite (inf) sample time.				
B	If the subsystem is called asynchronously, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks, such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions, within the subsystem.				

ID: Title	hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems	
Notes	<p>Conditionally executed subsystems include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If Action • Switch Case Action • Function-Call • Triggered • Enabled <p>Sample time-dependent blocks include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discrete State-Space • Discrete-Time Integrator • Discrete FIR Filter • Discrete Filter • Discrete Transfer Fcn • Discrete Zero-Pole • Transfer Fcn First Order • Transfer Fcn Real Zero • Transfer Fcn Lead or Lag 	
Rationale	A, B	Support unambiguous behavior.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' 	
Last Changed	R2016b	
Examples	<p>When using discrete blocks, the behavior depends on the operation across multiple contiguous time steps. When the blocks are called intermittently, the results may not conform to your expectations.</p>	

hisl_0024: Inport interface definition

ID: Title	hisl_0024: Inport interface definition
Description	<p>To support strong data typing and unambiguous behavior of the model and the generated code, for each root-level Inport block or Simulink signal object that explicitly resolves to the connected signal line, set the following parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data type • Port dimensions • Sample time
Note	<p>Using root-level Inport blocks without fully defined dimensions, sample times, or data type can lead to ambiguous simulation results. If you do not explicitly define these parameters, Simulink back-propagates dimensions, sample times, and data types from downstream blocks.</p>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid unambiguous behavior. • Support full specification of software interface.

ID: Title	hisl_0024: Inport interface definition
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing properties <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for root Inports with missing properties.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for root Inports with missing properties.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) 'Fully defined interface' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-4, Table 2 (2) 'Precisely defined interfaces' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (19) 'Fully Defined Interface'
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces

ID: Title	hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces
Description	Provide design min/max information for root-level Inport blocks to specify the input interface ranges.
Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specifying the range of Inport blocks on the root level enables additional capabilities^a. Examples include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detection of overflows through simulation range checking. • Code optimizations using Embedded Coder. • Design model verification using Simulink Design Verifier™. • Fixed-point autoscaling using Fixed-Point Designer™. • Specified design ranges can be used by Embedded Coder to optimize the generated code. If you want to use design ranges for optimization, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Code Generation pane, consider selecting Optimize using the specified minimum and maximum values. • Ranges for bus-type Inport blocks are specified with the bus elements of the defining bus object. Simulink ignores range specifications provided directly at Inport blocks that are bus-type.
Rationale	Support precise specification of the input interface.

ID: Title	hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Inports with missing range definitions <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for root Inports with missing range definitions.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for root Inports with missing range definitions.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) 'Fully defined interface' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-4, Table 2 (2) 'Precisely defined interfaces' • EN 50128, Table A.1(11) – Software Interface Specifications • EN 50128 Table A.3 (19) 'Fully Defined Interface'
Last Changed	R2017b

- a. These capabilities leverage design range information for different purposes. For more information, refer to the documentation for the tools you intend to use.

hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces

ID: Title	hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces
Description	Provide design min/max information for root-level Outport blocks to specify the output interface ranges.
Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specifying the range of Outport blocks on the root level enables additional capabilities^a. Examples include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detection of overflows through simulation range checking. • Code optimizations using Embedded Coder. • Design model verification using Simulink Design Verifier. • Fixed-point autoscaling using Fixed-Point Designer. • Specified design ranges can be used by Embedded Coder to optimize the generated code. If you want to use design ranges for optimization, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Code Generation pane, consider selecting Optimize using the specified minimum and maximum values. • Ranges for bus-type Outport blocks are specified with the bus elements of the defining bus object. Simulink ignores range specifications provided directly at Outport blocks that are bus-type.
Rationale	Support precise specification of the output interface.

ID: Title	hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Outports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Outports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Outports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Outports with missing range definitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for root Outports with missing range definitions <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for root Outports with missing range definitions.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for root Outports with missing range definitions.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) 'Fully defined interface' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-4, Table 2 (2) 'Precisely defined interfaces' • EN 50128, Table A.1(11) – Software Interface Specifications • EN 50128 Table A.3 (19) 'Fully Defined Interface'
Last Changed	R2017b

- a. These capabilities leverage design range information for different purposes. For more information, refer to the documentation for the tools you intend to use.

Signal Routing


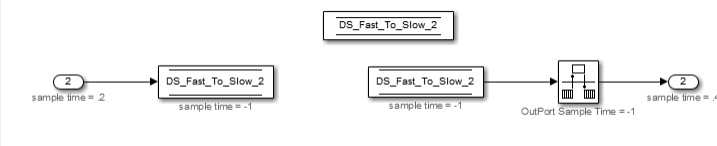
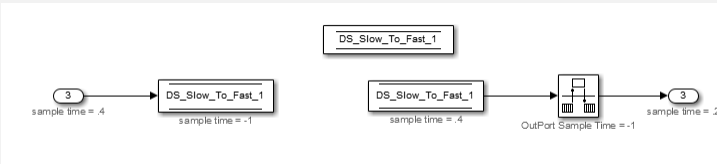
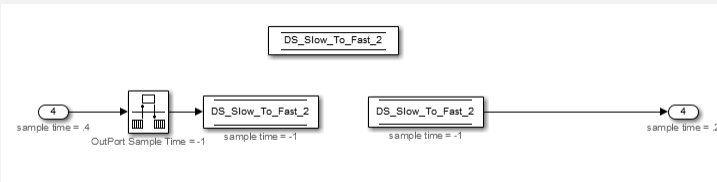
In this section...
“hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks” on page 2-38
“hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks” on page 2-42
“hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method” on page 2-43
“hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals” on page 2-45
“hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants” on page 2-46
“hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks” on page 2-47

hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks	
Description	To support deterministic behavior across different sample times or models when using data store blocks, including Data Store Memory, Data Store Read, and Data Store Write:	
	A	In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Data Validity pane, under Data Store Memory block , set the following parameters to <code>error</code> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detect read before write • Detect write after read • Detect write after write • Multitask data store • Duplicate data store names
	B	Avoid data store reads and writes that occur across model and atomic subsystem boundaries.
	C	Avoid using data stores to write and read data at different rates, because different rates can result in inconsistent exchanges of data. To provide deterministic data coupling in multirate systems, use Rate Transition blocks before Data Store Write blocks, or after Data Store Read blocks.

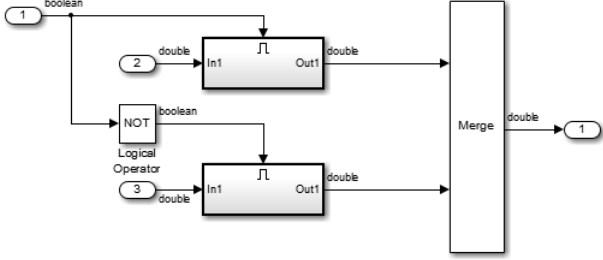
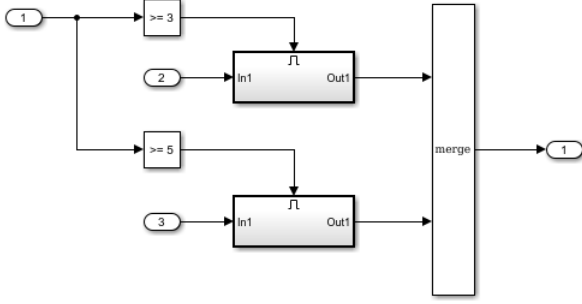
ID: Title	hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks	
Notes	<p>The sorting algorithm in Simulink does not take into account data coupling between models and atomic subsystems.</p> <p>Using data store memory blocks can have significant impact on your software verification effort. Models and subsystems that use only inports and outports to pass data provide a directly traceable interface, simplifying the verification process.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support consistent data values across different sample times or models.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'
Last Changed	R2017b

ID: Title	hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks
Examples	<p>The following examples use Rate Transition blocks to provide deterministic data coupling in multirate systems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For fast-to-slow transitions: <p>Set the rate of the slow sample time on either the Rate Transition block or the Data Store Write block.</p>  <p>Do not place the Rate Transition block after the Data Store Read block.</p>  For slow-to-fast transitions: <p>If the Rate Transition block is after the Data Store Read block, specify the slow rate on the Data Store Read block.</p>  <p>If the Rate Transition block is before the Data Store Write block, use the inherited sample time for the blocks.</p> 

hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior from Merge blocks,	
	A	Use Merge blocks only with conditionally executed subsystems.
	B	Specify execution of the conditionally executed subsystems such that only one subsystem executes during a time step.
	C	Clear the Merge block parameter Allow unequal port widths .
Notes	<p>Simulink combines the inputs of the Merge block into a single output. The output value at any time is equal to the most recently computed output of the blocks that drive the Merge block. Therefore, the Merge block output is dependent upon the execution order of the input computations.</p> <p>To provide predictable behavior of the Merge block output, you must have mutual exclusion between the conditionally executed subsystems feeding a Merge block. If the inputs are not mutually exclusive, Simulink uses the last input port.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Avoid unambiguous behavior.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' 	
Last Changed	R2016b	

ID: Title	hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks
Examples	<p data-bbox="467 331 571 348">Recommended</p>  <p data-bbox="372 694 556 720">Recommended</p> <p data-bbox="385 751 489 769">Not Recommended</p>  <p data-bbox="372 1128 601 1154">Not Recommended</p>

hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method

ID: Title	hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method
Description	Within a model, use:

ID: Title	hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method	
	A	<p>A consistent vector indexing method for all blocks. Blocks for which you should set the indexing method include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Index Vector • Multiport Switch • Assignment • Selector • For Iterator
Rationale	A	Reduce the risk of introducing errors due to inconsistent indexing.
Model Advisor Checks		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) 'Use of established design principles' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) 'Use of style guide' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'
See Also	“cgsl_0101: Zero-based indexing”
Last Changed	R2016a

hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals

ID: Title	hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals	
Description	For index signals, use:	
	A	An integer or enumerated data type
	B	A data type that covers the range of indexed values.
	Blocks that use a signal index include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assignment • Direct Lookup Table (n-D) • Index Vector • Interpolation Using Prelookup • MATLAB® Function • Multiport Switch • Selector • Stateflow® Chart 	

ID: Title	hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals	
Rationale	A	Prevent unexpected results that can occur with rounding operations for floating-point data types.
	B	Enable access to data in a vector.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.f 'Accuracy and Consistency of Source Code' 	
Last Changed	R2017b	

hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants

ID: Title	hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants	
Description	When verifying that a model is consistent with generated code, do the following:	
	A	For each Model Variant block, verify that block parameter Generate preprocessor conditionals is cleared.
	B	For each Variant Subsystem block, verify that block parameter Analyze all choices during update diagram and generate preprocessor conditionals is cleared.
	C	Verify all combinations of model variants that might be active in the generated code.
Rationale	A,B	Simplify consistency testing between the model and generated code by restricting the code base to a single variant.
	C	Make sure that consistency testing between the model and generated code is complete for all variants.

ID: Title	hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (7) 'Use of trusted / verified software modules and components'
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks	
Description	To support the robustness of the operations when using Switch blocks:	
	A	Avoid comparisons using the ~= operator on floating-point data types.

ID: Title	hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks	
Note	<p>Due to floating-point precision issues, do not test floating-point expressions for inequality (~=).</p> <p>When the model contains a Switch block computing a relational operator with the ~= operator, the inputs to the block must not be single, double, or any custom storage class that is a floating-point type. Change the data type of the input signals, or rework the model to eliminate using the ~= operator within Switch blocks.</p>	
Rationale	A	Improve model robustness.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Signal Routing blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Signal Routing blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Signal Routing blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Signal Routing blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Signal Routing blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Signal Routing blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Signal Routing blocks.</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1 	
Last Changed	R2017b	

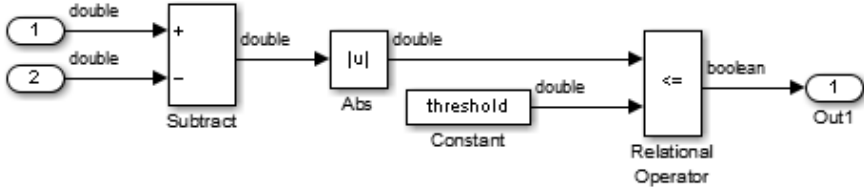
Logic and Bit Operations

In this section...
“hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-49
“hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)” on page 2-51
“hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block” on page 2-53
“hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block” on page 2-54

hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators

ID: Title	hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators	
Description	To support the robustness of the operations, when using blocks that compute relational operators, including Relational Operator, Compare To Constant, Compare to Zero, and Detect Change	
	A	Avoid comparisons using the == or ~= operator on floating-point data types.
Notes	<p>Due to floating-point precision issues, do not test floating-point expressions for equality (==) or inequality (~=).</p> <p>When the model contains a block computing a relational operator with the == or ~= operators, the inputs to the block must not be single, double, or any custom storage class that is a floating-point type. Change the data type of the input signals, or rework the model to eliminate using the == or ~= operators within blocks that compute relational operators.</p>	
Rationale	A	Improve model robustness.

ID: Title	hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1
See Also	"hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)" on page 2-51

ID: Title	hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p>Positive Pattern: To test whether two floating-point variables or expressions are equal, compare the difference of the two variables against a threshold that takes into account the floating-point relative accuracy (eps) and the magnitude of the numbers.</p> <p>The following pattern shows how to test two double-precision input signals, In1 and In2, for equality.</p> 

hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)

ID: Title	hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior in the generated code, when using blocks that compute relational operators, including Relational Operator, Compare To Constant, Compare to Zero, and Detect Change	
	A	Set the block Output data type parameter to <code>Boolean</code> .
Rationale	A	Support generation of code that produces unambiguous behavior.

ID: Title	hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1
See Also	"hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators" on page 2-49

ID: Title	hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)
Last Changed	R2016a

hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block

ID: Title	hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior of generated code, when using the Logical Operator block,	
	A	Set the Output data type block parameter to <code>Boolean</code> .
	B	Ensure all input signals are of type <code>Boolean</code> .
Prerequisites	"hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)" on page 5-32	
Rationale	A, B	Avoid ambiguous behavior of generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e—High-level requirements conform to standards DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e—Low-level requirements conform to standards DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e—Source code is traceable to low-level requirements. DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b—Software architecture is consistent. • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • MISRA C:2012, Directive 1.1
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block

ID: Title	hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior, when using the Bitwise Operator block,	
	A	Avoid signed integer data types as input to the block.
	B	Choose an output data type that represents zero exactly.
Notes	Bitwise operations on signed integers are not meaningful. If a shift operation moves a signed bit into a numeric bit, or a numeric bit into a signed bit, unpredictable and unwanted behavior can result.	
Rationale	A, B	Support unambiguous behavior of generated code.

ID: Title	hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1
See Also	"hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations" on page 3-11 in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

Lookup Table Blocks

hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the 1-D Lookup Table, 2-D Lookup Table, n-D Lookup Table, Prelookup, and Interpolation Using Prelookup blocks:	
	A	In each 1-D Lookup Table, 2-D Lookup Table, n-D Lookup Table, or Prelookup block, verify that Remove protection against out-of-range input in generated code is cleared.
	B	In each Interpolation Using Prelookup block, verify that Remove protection against out-of-range index in generated code is cleared.
Note	If the lookup table inputs are not guaranteed to fall within the range of valid breakpoint values, exclusion of range-checking code may produce unexpected results.	
Rationale	A,B	Protect against out-of-range inputs or indices.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of lookup table blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of lookup table blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of lookup table blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of lookup table blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check usage of lookup table blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of lookup table blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of lookup table blocks.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
Last Changed	R2017b

Stateflow Chart Considerations

- “Chart Properties” on page 3-2
- “Chart Architecture” on page 3-11

Chart Properties

In this section...
“hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics” on page 3-2
“hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order” on page 3-3
“hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)” on page 3-6
“hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings” on page 3-7

hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics

ID: Title	hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics	
Description	To create Stateflow charts that implement a subset of Stateflow semantics,	
	A	In the Chart properties dialog box, set State Machine Type to Mealy or Moore.
	B	Apply consistent settings to the Stateflow charts in a model.
Note	<p>Setting State Machine Type restricts the Stateflow semantics to pure Mealy or Moore semantics. Mealy and Moore charts might be easier to understand and use in high-integrity applications.</p> <p>In Mealy charts, actions are associated with transitions. In the Moore charts, actions are associated with states.</p> <p>At compile time, the Stateflow software verifies that the chart semantics comply with the formal definitions and rules of the selected type of state machine. If the chart semantics are not in compliance, the software provides a diagnostic message.</p>	
Rationale	A, B	Promote a clear modeling style.

ID: Title	hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check state machine type of Stateflow charts • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check state machine type of Stateflow charts • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check state machine type of Stateflow charts • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check state machine type of Stateflow charts • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check state machine type of Stateflow charts <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check state machine type of Stateflow charts.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check state machine type of Stateflow charts.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Software architecture conform to standards'
See Also	“Create Mealy and Moore Charts” (Stateflow) in the Stateflow documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order

ID: Title	hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order
Description	Do the following to explicitly set the execution order for active states and valid transitions in Stateflow charts:

ID: Title	hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order	
	A	In the Chart Properties dialog box, select User specified state/transition execution order .
	B	In the Stateflow Editor View menu, select Show Transition Execution Order .
	C	Set default transition to evaluate last.
Note	<p>Selecting User specified state/transition execution order restricts the dependency of a Stateflow chart semantics on the geometric position of parallel states and transitions.</p> <p>Specifying the execution order of states and transitions allows you to enforce determinism in the search order for active states and valid transitions. You have control of the order in which parallel states are executed and transitions originating from a source are tested for execution. If you do not explicitly set the execution order, the Stateflow software determines the execution order following a deterministic algorithm.</p> <p>Selecting Show Transition Execution Order displays the transition testing order.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Promote an unambiguous modeling style.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions.</p>	

ID: Title	hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p>
References	<p>This guideline supports adhering to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Software architecture conform to standards ' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) 'Use of established design principles' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) 'Use of style guides' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide'
See Also	<p>The following topics in the Stateflow documentation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Transition Testing Order in Multilevel State Hierarchy” (Stateflow) • “Execution Order for Parallel States” (Stateflow)

ID: Title	hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order
Last Changed	R2017b

hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)

ID: Title	hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)	
Description	To support strong data typing between Simulink and Stateflow ,	
	A	Select Use Strong Data Typing with Simulink I/O .
Notes	By default, input to and output from Stateflow charts are of type <code>double</code> . To interface directly with Simulink signals of data types other than <code>double</code> , select Use Strong Data Typing with Simulink I/O . In this mode, data types between the Simulink and Stateflow boundary are strongly typed, and the Simulink software does not treat the data types as <code>double</code> . The Stateflow chart accepts input signals of any data type supported by the Simulink software, provided that the type of the input signal matches the type of the corresponding Stateflow input data object. Otherwise, the software reports a type mismatch error.	
Rationale	A	Support strongly typed code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p>	

ID: Title	hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (5) - Design and coding standards • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) - Use of defensive implementation techniques ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) - Use of established design principles ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) - Use of style guides ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) - Use of naming conventions • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) - Defensive Programming EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset
Last Changed	R2017b

hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings

ID: Title	hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings
Description	<p>To protect against unreachable code and indeterminate execution time,</p> <p>A In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnostics > Data Validity > Wrap on overflow to error. • Diagnostics > Data Validity > Simulation range checking to error. • In the model window, select: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simulation > Debug > MATLAB & Stateflow Error Checking Options > Detect Cycles.

ID: Title	hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings
	<p>For each truth table in the model, in the Settings menu of the Truth Table Editor, set the following parameters to <code>Error</code>:</p> <p>Underspecified</p> <p>Overspecified</p>
Notes	<p>Run-time diagnostics are only triggered during simulation. If the error condition is not reached during simulation, the error message is not triggered for code generation.</p>
Rationale	<p>Protect against unreachable code and unpredictable execution time.</p>
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow debugging options • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow debugging options • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow debugging options • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow debugging options • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow debugging options <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check Stateflow debugging options.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check Stateflow debugging options.</p>

ID: Title	hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (5) - Design and coding standards • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) - Use of defensive implementation techniques • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) - Use of established design principles • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) - Use of style guides • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) - Use of naming conventions • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) - Defensive Programming • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset

ID: Title	hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings
Last Changed	R2017b

Chart Architecture

In this section...
“hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations” on page 3-11
“hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior” on page 3-12
“hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)” on page 3-14
“hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)” on page 3-15
“hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)” on page 3-18
“hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)” on page 3-19

hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations

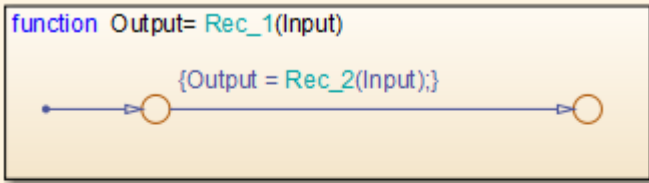
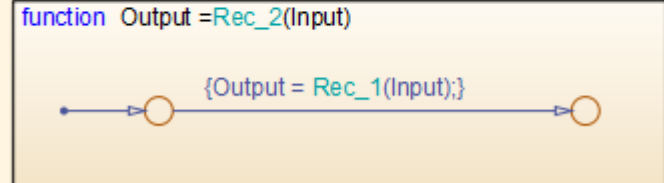
ID: Title	hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations	
Description	When using bitwise operations in Stateflow blocks,	
	A	Avoid signed integer data types as operands to the bitwise operations.
Notes	Normally, bitwise operations are not meaningful on signed integers. Undesired behavior can occur. For example, a shift operation might move the sign bit into the number, or a numeric bit into the sign bit.	
Rationale	A	Promote unambiguous modeling style.
Model Advisor Checks	By Task > Modeling Standards for MAAB > Stateflow > Check for bitwise operations in Stateflow charts For check details, see Check for bitwise operations on signed integers.	

ID: Title	hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section 6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1
See Also	“hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block” on page 2-54
Last Changed	R2016a

hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior

ID: Title	hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior	
Description	To support bounded function call behavior, avoid using design patterns that include unbounded recursive behavior. Recursive behavior is bound if you do the following:	
	A	Use an explicit termination condition that is local to the recursive call.
	B	Make sure the termination condition is reached.
Notes	This rule only applies if a chart is a classic Stateflow chart. If “hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics” on page 3-2 is followed, recursive behavior is prevented due to restrictions in the chart semantics. Additionally, you can detect the error during simulation by enabling the Stateflow diagnostic Detect Cycles .	
Rationale	A, B	Promote bounded function call behavior.

ID: Title	hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table B.1 (6) 'Limited use of recursion' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 9 (j) 'No recursions' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (6) 'Limited Use of Recursion' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 17.2
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p data-bbox="286 796 1285 826">There are multiple patterns in Stateflow that can result in unbounded recursion.</p> <div data-bbox="286 857 966 1121" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; background-color: #fff9c4;"> <pre> stateDiagram-v2 state A as A/ en: Evn state B as B/ en: Out++; A --> B : Evn {Evn} </pre> </div> <p data-bbox="286 1156 584 1185">Recursive Function Calls</p>

ID: Title	hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior
	<p>When the default state A is entered, event Evn is broadcast in the entry action of A. Evn results in a recursive call of the interpretation algorithm. Since A is active, the outgoing transition of A is tested. Since the current event Evn matches the transition event (and because of the absence of condition) the condition action is executed, broadcasting Evn again. This results in a new call of the interpretation algorithm which repeats the same sequence of steps until stack overflow.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <pre>function Output= Rec_1(Input) {Output = Rec_2(Input);}</pre>  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <pre>function Output =Rec_2(Input) {Output = Rec_1(Input);}</pre>  </div> <p>Recursive Function Calls</p>

hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)

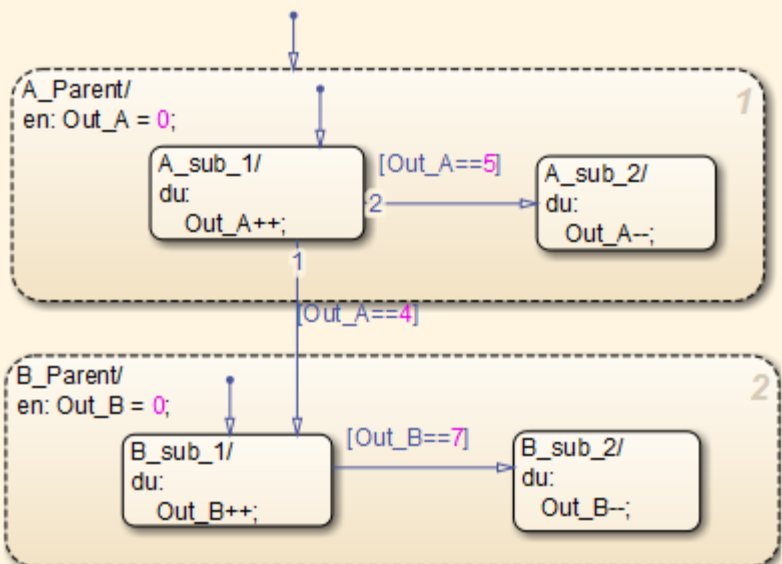
ID: Title	hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)	
Description	To enhance clarity and prevent the generation of unreachable code,	
	A	Make junction conditions mutually exclusive.
Notes	You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.	
Rationale	A	Enhance clarity and prevent generation of unreachable code.

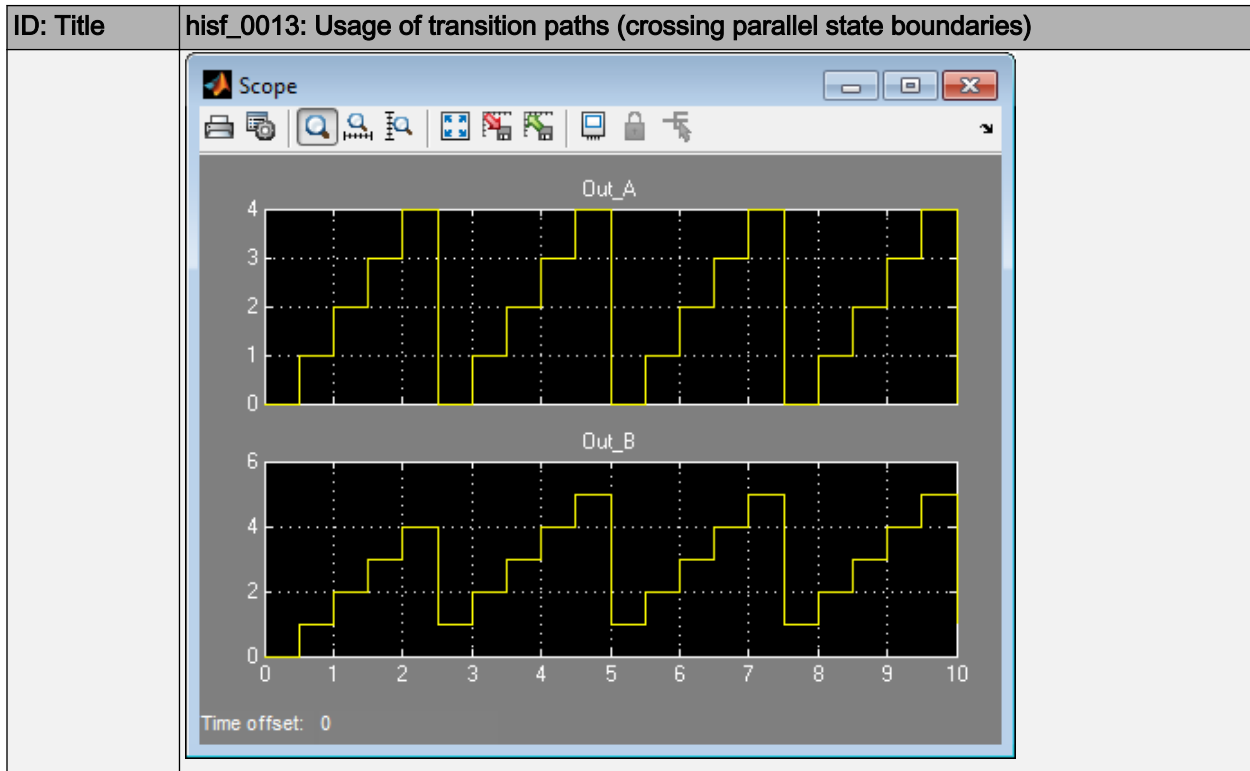
ID: Title	hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.d 'High-level requirements are verifiable' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.d 'Low-level requirements are verifiable' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'
Last Changed	R2012b

hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)

ID: Title	hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)	
Description	To avoid creating diagrams that are hard to understand,	
	A	Avoid creating transitions that cross from one parallel state to another.
Notes	You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.	
Rationale	A	Enhance model readability.

ID: Title	hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries .</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for transition paths that cross parallel state boundaries.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'
Last Changed	R2017b

ID: Title	hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)
Example	<p data-bbox="286 300 1344 399">In the following example, when Out_A is 4, both parent states (A_Parent and B_Parent) are reentered. Reentering the parent states resets the values of Out_A and Out_B to zero.</p>  <p>The diagram illustrates two parallel parent states, A_Parent (labeled 1) and B_Parent (labeled 2), each enclosed in a dashed box. A_Parent has an initial state A_sub_1 with the do-action 'Out_A++;'. A transition from A_sub_1 to A_sub_2 is labeled '2' and has the guard '[Out_A==5]'. A_sub_2 has the do-action 'Out_A--;'. B_Parent has an initial state B_sub_1 with the do-action 'Out_B++;'. A transition from B_sub_1 to B_sub_2 is labeled with the guard '[Out_B==7]'. B_sub_2 has the do-action 'Out_B--;'. A transition labeled '1' with the guard '[Out_A==4]' originates from the bottom of A_sub_1 and points to the top of B_sub_1, indicating a transition from A_Parent to B_Parent. Additionally, a transition labeled '1' with the guard '[Out_A==4]' originates from the top of B_sub_1 and points to the top of A_sub_1, indicating a transition from B_Parent to A_Parent. Both parent states have an entry action 'en: Out_A = 0;' and 'en: Out_B = 0;' respectively, which resets the output variables when the parent states are reentered.</p>



hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)

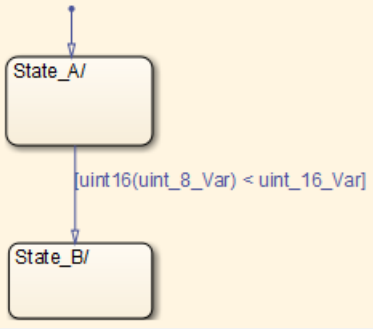
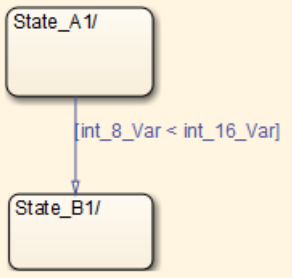
ID: Title	hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)	
Description	To avoid creating diagrams that are confusing and include transition paths without benefit,	
	A	Avoid transition paths that go into and out of a state without ending on a substate.
Notes	You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.	
Rationale	A	Enhance model readability.

ID: Title	hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	

hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)

ID: Title	hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)	
Description	To facilitate strong data typing,	
	A	Explicitly type cast variables and parameters of different data types in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transition evaluations • Transition assignments • Assignments in states
Notes	The Stateflow software automatically casts variables of different type into the same data type. This guideline helps clarify data types of the intermediate variables.	
Rationale	A	Apply strong data typing.

ID: Title	hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for strong data typing.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'
Last Changed	R2017b

ID: Title	hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)
Examples	 <p data-bbox="293 673 471 699">Recommended</p>  <p data-bbox="293 1038 523 1064">Not Recommended</p>

MATLAB Function and MATLAB Code Considerations

- “MATLAB Functions” on page 4-2
- “MATLAB Code” on page 4-12

MATLAB Functions

In this section...
“himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers” on page 4-2
“himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries” on page 4-3
“himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity” on page 4-6
“himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions” on page 4-8

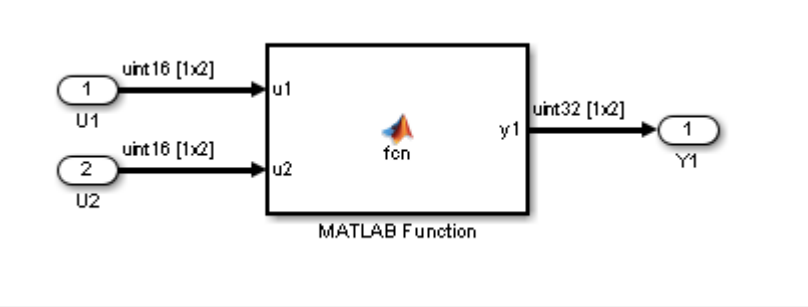
himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers

ID: Title	himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers
Description	When using MATLAB functions, use a standardized header to provide information about the purpose and use of the function.
Rationale	A standardized header improves the readability and documentation of MATLAB functions. The header should provide a function description and usage information.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e – Source code is traceable to low-level requirements
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0025: MATLAB Function Header • Orion GN&C: MATLAB and Simulink Standards, jh_0073: eML Header • “MATLAB Function Block Editor”
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	<p>A typical standardized function header includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Function name • Description • Inputs and outputs (if possible, include size and type) • Assumptions and limitations • Revision history

himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries

ID: Title	himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries
Description	<p>To support strong data typing at the interfaces of MATLAB functions, explicitly define the interface for input signals, output signals, and parameters, by setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complexity • Type
Rationale	<p>Defined interfaces:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allow consistency checking of interfaces. • Prevent unintended generation of different functions for different input and output types. • Simplify testing of functions by limiting the number of test cases.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties.</p>

ID: Title	himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) - Fully defined interface • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation • EN 50128, Table A.1 (11) - Software Interface Specifications • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b - Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0034: MATLAB Function block input/output settings • Orion GN&C: MATLAB and Simulink Standards, jh_0063: eML block input / output settings • “MATLAB Function Block Editor”
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries
Examples	<p data-bbox="359 305 575 331">Recommended:</p> <p data-bbox="359 361 1314 421">In the “Ports and Data Manager”, specify the complexity and type of input <code>u1</code> as follows:</p> <ul data-bbox="359 453 649 526" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="359 453 649 479">• Complexity to <code>Off</code> <li data-bbox="359 496 649 526">• Type to <code>uint16</code> <div data-bbox="365 557 1170 864" style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p data-bbox="359 873 632 899">Not Recommended:</p> <p data-bbox="359 930 1288 991">In the “Ports and Data Manager”, do <i>not</i> specify the complexity and type of input <code>u1</code> as follows:</p> <ul data-bbox="359 1022 917 1095" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="359 1022 917 1048">• Complexity to <code>Inherited</code> <li data-bbox="359 1065 917 1095">• Type to <code>Inherit: Same as Simulink</code>. <p data-bbox="359 1156 1219 1216">Note To access the “Ports and Data Manager”, from the toolbar of the “MATLAB Function Block Editor”, select Edit Data.</p>

himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity

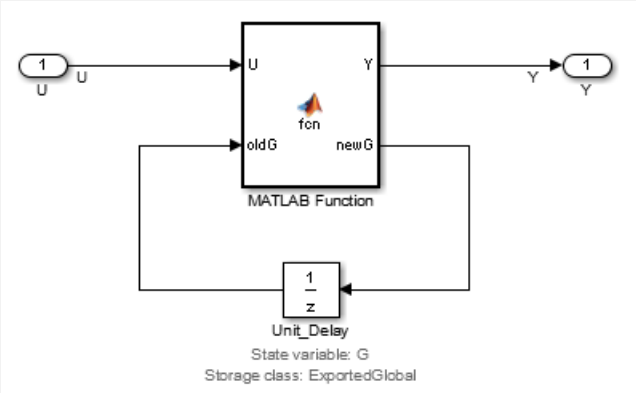
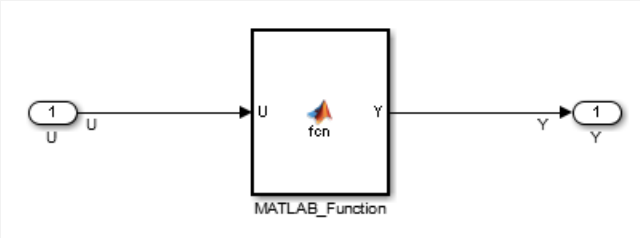
ID: Title	himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity											
Description	<p>When using MATLAB functions, limit the size and complexity of MATLAB code. The size and complexity of MATLAB functions is characterized by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lines of code • Nested function levels • Cyclomatic complexity • Density of comments (ratio of comment lines to lines of code) 											
Note	<p>Size and complexity limits can vary across projects. Typical limits might be as described in this table:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Metric</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Limit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lines of code</td> <td>60 per MATLAB function</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nested function levels</td> <td>3^{1,2}</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cyclomatic complexity</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Density of comments</td> <td>0.2 comment lines per line of code</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>¹Pure Wrappers to external functions are not counted as separate levels.</p> <p>²Standard MATLAB library functions do not count as separate levels.</p>		Metric	Limit	Lines of code	60 per MATLAB function	Nested function levels	3 ^{1,2}	Cyclomatic complexity	15	Density of comments	0.2 comment lines per line of code
Metric	Limit											
Lines of code	60 per MATLAB function											
Nested function levels	3 ^{1,2}											
Cyclomatic complexity	15											
Density of comments	0.2 comment lines per line of code											
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Readability • Comprehension • Traceability • Maintainability • Testability 											

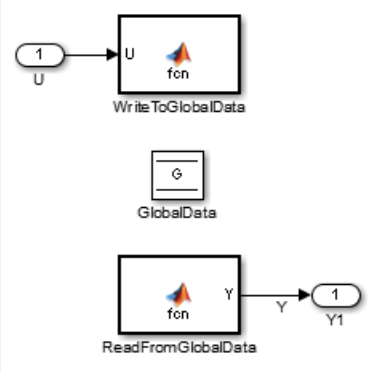
ID: Title	himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Function metrics • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Function metrics • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Function metrics • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Function metrics • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Function metrics <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check MATLAB Function metrics.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check MATLAB Function metrics.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) - Fully defined interface • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation • EN 50128, Table A.1(11) - Software Interface Specifications • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.e - High-level requirements conform to standards • DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.2.e - Low-level requirements conform to standards
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0016: Source lines of MATLAB Functions • MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0017: Number of called function levels • MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0018: Number of nested if/else and case statement • Orion GN&C: MATLAB and Simulink Standards, jh_0084: eML Comments • “MATLAB Function Block Editor”
Last Changed	R2016a

himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
Description	Avoid using global variables in MATLAB functions. To access shared data, use signal lines or persistent data.
Notes	Using global data in MATLAB code requires the definition of Data Store Memory blocks or Custom Storage class objects. If the read and write access order is not specified correctly, usage of this type of storage can lead to unexpected results.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Readability • Maintainability • Deterministic Behavior
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB code for global variables • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB code for global variables • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB code for global variables • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB code for global variables • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB code for global variables <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check MATLAB code for global variables.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check MATLAB code for global variables.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Consistency'

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• na_0024: Global Variables• “hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks” on page 2-38
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
Examples	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <p>Recommended</p> <pre>function [Y,newG] = ... fcn(U,oldG) %#codegen Y = oldG * U; newG = oldG + 1; end</pre>  <p>Recommended</p> <pre>function Y = fcn(U) %#codegen persistent G; if isempty(G) G = 1; end</pre>  <p>Not Recommended</p>

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
	<p data-bbox="427 296 788 326">Write to global data function:</p> <pre data-bbox="427 352 639 491">function fcn(U) %#codegen global G; G = U; End</pre> <p data-bbox="427 522 813 552">Read from global data function:</p> <pre data-bbox="427 578 657 716">function Y = fcn %#codegen global G; Y = G; end</pre>  <p>The diagram illustrates the data flow between two MATLAB functions. The top block, labeled 'WriteToGlobalData', has an input 'U' (from a source block '1') and is connected to a 'GlobalData' block. The bottom block, labeled 'ReadFromGlobalData', is connected to the 'GlobalData' block and has an output 'Y' (to a sink block '1').</p>

MATLAB Code

In this section...
“himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation” on page 4-12
“himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns” on page 4-16
“himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns” on page 4-18
“himl_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types” on page 4-20
“himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators” on page 4-21
“himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions” on page 4-22

himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation	
Description	When using MATLAB code:	
	A	To activate MATLAB Code Analyzer messages for code generations, use the <code> %#codegen</code> directive in external MATLAB functions.
	B	Review the MATLAB Code Analyzer messages. Either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement the recommendations or • Justify not following the recommendations with <code> %#ok<message-ID(S)></code> directives in the MATLAB function. Do not use <code> %#ok</code> without specific message-IDs.
Notes	The MATLAB Code Analyzer messages provide identifies potential errors, problems, and opportunities for improvement in the code.	
Rationale	A	In external MATLAB functions, the <code> %#codegen</code> directive activates MATLAB Code Analyzer messages for code generation.

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation	
	B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Following MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations helps to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generate efficient code. • Follow best code generation practices • Avoid using MATLAB features not supported for code generation. • Avoid code patterns which potentially influence safety. • Not following MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations are justified with message id (e.g. %#ok<NOPRT>. <p>In the MATLAB function, using %#ok without a message id justifies the full line, potentially hiding issues.</p>
Model Advisor Checks		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > MATLAB > Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages.</p>

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) 'Use of established design principles' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) 'Use of style guide' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'Accuracy and consistency' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Accuracy and consistency'
See Also	"Check Code for Errors and Warnings" (MATLAB)
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation
Examples	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activate MATLAB Code Analyzer messages for code generations: <pre> %#codegen function y = function(u) y = inc_u(u); end function yy = inc_u(uu) yy = uu + 1; end </pre> • Justify missing ; and value assigned might be unused: <pre> y = 2*u %#ok<NOPRT,NAGSU> output for debugging ... y = 3*u; </pre> • If output is not desired and assigned value is unused, remove the line <code>y = 2*u ...:</code> <pre> y = 3*u; </pre> <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • External MATLAB file used in Simulink with missing <code>%#codegen</code> directive: <pre> function y = function(u) % nested functions can't be used for code generation function yy = inc_u(uu) yy = uu + 1; end y = inc_u(u); end </pre> • All messages in line are justified by using <code>%#ok</code> without a message ID: <pre> % missing ';' and the value might be unused y = 2*u %#ok ... y = 3*u; </pre> • No justification:

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation
	<code>% missing justification for missing ';' and unnecessary '['...']'</code> <code>y= [2*u]</code>

himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns

ID: Title	himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns
Description	For MATLAB code with <code>if / elseif/ else</code> constructs, terminate the constructs with an <code>else</code> statement that includes at least a meaningful comment. A final <code>else</code> statement is not required if there is no <code>elseif</code> .
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defensive programming • Readability • Traceability
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'Conformance to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Conformance to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Conformance to standards'
See Also	• "hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks" on page 2-25
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns
Examples	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <pre>if u > 0 y = 1; end</pre>• <pre>if u > 0 y = 1; elseif u < 0 y = -1; else y = 0; end</pre>• <pre>y = 0; if u > 0 y = 1; elseif u < 0 y = -1; else % handled before if end</pre> <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <pre>% empty else y = 0; if u > 0 y = 1; elseif u < 0 y = -1; else end</pre>• <pre>% missing else y = 0; if u > 0 y = 1; elseif u < 0 y = -1; end</pre>

himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns

ID: Title	himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns
Description	For MATLAB code with <code>switch</code> statements, include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least two <code>case</code> statements. • An <code>otherwise</code> statement that at least includes a meaningful comment.
Note	If there is only one <code>case</code> and one <code>otherwise</code> statement, consider using an <code>if / else</code> statement.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defensive programming • Readability • Traceability
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'Conformance to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Conformance to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Conformance to standards' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 16.4
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • na_0022: Recommended patterns for Switch/Case statements • “hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-28
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns
Examples	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <pre>switch u case 1 y = 3; case 3 y = 1; otherwise y = 1; end</pre>• <pre>y = 0; switch u case 1 y = 3; case 3 y = 1; otherwise % handled before switch end</pre> <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <pre>% no case statements switch u otherwise y = 1; end</pre>• <pre>% empty otherwise statement switch u case 1 y = 3; case 3 y = 1; otherwise end</pre>• <pre>% no otherwise statement switch u case 1 y = 3; end</pre>

himi_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types

ID: Title	himi_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types
Description	For MATLAB code with relational operators, use the same data type for the left and right operands.
Note	If the two operands have different data types, MATLAB will promote both operands to a common data type. This can lead to unexpected results.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent implicit casts • Prevent unexpected results
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-49 • “hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)” on page 2-51
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>myBool == true</code> • <code>myInt8 == int8(1)</code> <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>myBool == 1</code> • <code>myInt8 == true</code> • <code>myInt8 == 1</code> • <code>myInt8 == int16(1)</code> • <code>myEnum1.EnumVal == int32(1)</code>

himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators

ID: Title	himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators
Description	<p>For MATLAB code with equal or not equal relational operators, avoid using the following data types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single • Double • Types derived from single or double data types
Note	<p>Consider the following code fragments:</p> <pre>1 sqrt(2)^2 == 2 2 sqrt(2^2) == 2</pre> <p>Mathematically, both fragments are true. However, because of floating point rounding effects, the results are:</p> <pre>1 false 2 true</pre>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent unexpected results
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • EN 50128, MB.6.3.2.g ' 'Defensive Programming' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • jc_0481: Use of hard equality comparisons for floating point numbers in Stateflow • "himl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators" on page 2-49
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators
Examples	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>myDouble >= 0.99 && myDouble <= 1.01; % test range</code> <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>myDouble == 1.0</code> <code>mySingle ~= 15.0</code>

himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions

ID: Title	himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions
Description	For logical operators and logical functions in MATLAB code, use logical data types
Notes	<p>Logical operators: <code>&&</code>, <code> </code>, <code>~</code></p> <p>Logical functions: <code>and</code>, <code>or</code>, <code>not</code>, <code>xor</code></p>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent unexpected results
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions
Examples	<p data-bbox="387 300 590 326">Recommended</p> <ul data-bbox="387 357 872 440" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="387 357 872 440">• <code>~myLogical</code> <code>(myInt8 > int8(4)) && myLogical</code> <code>xor(myLogical1,myLogical2)</code> <p data-bbox="387 470 649 496">Not Recommended</p> <ul data-bbox="387 527 684 576" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="387 527 684 576">• <code>~myInt8</code> <code>myInt8 && myDouble</code>

Configuration Parameter Considerations

- “Solver” on page 5-2
- “Diagnostics” on page 5-7
- “Optimizations” on page 5-32
- “Model Referencing” on page 5-45
- “Code Generation” on page 5-47

Solver

In this section...
“hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time” on page 5-2
“hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options” on page 5-4
“hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options” on page 5-5

hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time

ID: Title	hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Solver pane, set parameters for simulation time as follows:	
	A	Start time to 0.0.
	B	Stop time to a positive value that is less than the value of Application lifespan (days) .
Note	Simulink allows nonzero start times for simulation. However, production code generation requires a zero start time.	
	By default, Application lifespan (days) is <code>auto</code> . If you do not change this setting, any positive value for Stop time is valid.	
	You specify Stop time in seconds and Application lifespan (days) is in days.	
Rationale	A	Generate code that is valid for production code generation.

ID: Title	hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time
<p>Model Advisor Checks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related solver settings for simulation time.</p>
<p>References</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.g—Algorithms are accurate • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.g—Algorithms are accurate • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'
<p>See Also</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)” on page 5-35 • Solver Pane section of the Simulink documentation
<p>Last Changed</p>	<p>R2017b</p>

hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options

ID: Title	hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Solver pane, set parameters for solvers as follows:	
	A	Type to Fixed-step.
	B	Solver to discrete (no continuous states).
Note	Generating code for production requires a fixed-step, discrete solver.	
Rationale	A, B	Generate code that is valid for production code generation.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for solver options • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for solver options • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for solver options • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for solver options • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for solver options <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related solver settings for solver options.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related solver settings for solver options.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.g—Algorithms are accurate • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.g—Algorithms are accurate • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'
See Also	“Solver Pane” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options

ID: Title	hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Solver pane, set parameters for tasking and sample time as follows:	
	A	<p>Periodic sample time constraint to <code>Specified</code> and assign values to Sample time properties.</p> <hr/> <p>Caution If you use a referenced model as a reusable function, set Periodic sample time constraint to <code>Ensure sample time independent</code>.</p>
	B	Clear the parameter Automatically handle rate transition for data transfer .
Notes	<p>Selecting the Automatically handle rate transition for data transfer check box might result in inserting rate transition code without a corresponding model construct. This might impede establishing full traceability or showing that unintended functions are not introduced.</p> <p>You can select or clear the Higher priority value indicates higher task priority check box . Selecting this check box determines whether the priority for Sample time properties uses the lowest values as highest priority, or the highest values as highest priority.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options	
Rationale	A, B	Support fully specified models and unambiguous code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related solver settings for tasking and sample-time.</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' 	
See Also	"Solver Pane" in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2017b	

Diagnostics

In this section...
“hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving” on page 5-7
“hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver” on page 5-9
“hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time” on page 5-12
“hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility” on page 5-15
“hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters” on page 5-16
“hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block” on page 5-18
“hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization” on page 5-19
“hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging” on page 5-20
“hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals” on page 5-22
“hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses” on page 5-23
“hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls” on page 5-25
“hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion” on page 5-26
“hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing” on page 5-28
“hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow” on page 5-29

hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving

ID: Title	hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set these parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Block diagram contains disabled library links to error • Block diagram contains parameterized library links to error
Rationale	Prevent unexpected results.

ID: Title	hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver

ID: Title	hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics pane, set the Solver parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Algebraic loop to <i>error</i>.• Minimize algebraic loop to <i>error</i>.• Automatic solver parameter selection to <i>error</i>.• State name clash to <i>warning</i>.• Block priority violation to <i>error</i> if you are using block priorities.

ID: Title	hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver	
Note	Enabling diagnostics pertaining to the solver provides information to detect violations of other guidelines.	
	If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...
	Algebraic loop	Automatic breakage of algebraic loops can go undetected and might result in unpredictable block order execution.
	Minimize algebraic loop	Automatic breakage of algebraic loops can go undetected and might result in unpredictable block order execution.
	Block priority violation	Block execution order can include undetected conflicts that might result in unpredictable block order execution.
	Unspecified inheritability of sample times	An S-function that is not explicitly set to inherit sample time can go undetected and result in unpredictable behavior.
	Automatic solver parameter selection	An automatic change to the solver, step size, or simulation stop time can go undetected and might the operation of generated code.
	State name clash	A name being used for more than one state might go undetected.
Rationale	<p>You can set the following diagnostic parameters to any value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Min step size violation Consecutive zero crossings violation Solver data inconsistency Extraneous discrete derivative signals <p>Support generation of robust and unambiguous code.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, MB.6.3.3.e 'Software architecture conforms to standards'
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Model Configuration Parameters: Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation • jc_0021: Model diagnostic settings in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time

ID: Title	hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Sample Time pane, set the following Sample Time parameters to <code>error</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source block specifies -1 sample time • Multitask rate transition • Single task rate transition • Multitask conditionally executed subsystem • Tasks with equal priority • Enforce sample times specified by Signal Specification blocks • Unspecified inheritability of sample times <p>If the target system does not allow preemption between tasks that have equal priority, set Tasks with equal priority to <code>none</code>.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time	
Note	Enabling diagnostics pertaining to the solver provides information to detect violations of other guidelines.	
	If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...
	Source block specifies -1 sample time	Use of inherited sample times for a source block, such as Sine Wave, can go undetected and result in unpredictable execution rates for source and downstream blocks.
	Multitask rate transition	Invalid rate transitions between two blocks operating in multitasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use invalid rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.
	Single task rate transition	A rate transition between two blocks operating in single-tasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use single-tasking rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.
	Multitask conditionally executed subsystems	A conditionally executed multirate subsystem, operating in multitasking mode, might go undetected and corrupt data or show unexpected behavior in a target system that allows preemption.
	Tasks with equal priority	Two asynchronous tasks with equal priority might go undetected and show unexpected behavior in target systems that allow preemption.
	Enforce sample times specified by Signal Specification blocks	Inconsistent sample times for a Signal Specification block and the connected destination block might go undetected and result in unpredictable execution rates.
	Unspecified inheritability of sample times	An S-function that is not explicitly set to inherit sample time can go

ID: Title	hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time	
	If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...
		undetected and result in unpredictable behavior.
Rationale	A	Support generation of robust and unambiguous code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time.</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' 	

ID: Title	hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Sample Time Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility

ID: Title	hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Compatibility pane, set the Compatibility parameters as follows:</p> <p>S-function upgrades needed to error</p>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b – Software architecture is consistent • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Compatibility Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters

ID: Title	hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Data Validity pane, set the Parameters parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detect downcast to error • Detect precision loss to error • Detect overflow to error • Detect underflow to error
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.

ID: Title	hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g – Algorithms are accurate • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g – Algorithms are accurate. • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Data Validity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block

ID: Title	hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detect multiple driving blocks executing at the same time step to error
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Merge blocks.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 MB.6.3.2 (b) Accuracy and Consistency • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset

ID: Title	hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block
See Also	“Detect multiple driving blocks executing at the same time step” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization

ID: Title	hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Underspecified initialization detection to <code>Simplified</code>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b – Software architecture is consistent • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset • MISRA C:2012, Rule 9.1
See Also	“Underspecified initialization detection” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging

ID: Title	hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog, set Model Verification block enabling to <code>Disable all</code> .
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.

ID: Title	hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e – High-level requirements conform to standards • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e – Low-level requirements conform to standards • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset
See Also	“Model Verification block enabling” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals

ID: Title	hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Connectivity pane, set the Signals parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signal label mismatch to error • Unconnected block input ports to error • Unconnected block output ports to error • Unconnected line to error
Rationale	<p>Improve robustness of design.</p>
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e – High-level requirements conform to standards • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e – Low-level requirements conform to standards • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Connectivity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses

ID: Title	hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Connectivity pane, set the Buses parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unspecified bus object at root Output block to <code>error</code> • Element name mismatch to <code>error</code> • Non-bus signals treated as bus signals to <code>error</code> • Repair bus selections to <code>Warn</code> and <code>repair</code>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.

ID: Title	hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b – Software architecture is consistent • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Connectivity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls

ID: Title	hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Connectivity pane, set the Function calls parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Invalid function-call connection to <code>error</code> • Context-dependent inputs to <code>Enable all as errors</code>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b – Software architecture is consistent • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Connectivity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion

ID: Title	hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Type Conversion pane, set the Type Conversion parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vector/matrix block input conversion to error • Unnecessary type conversion to warning • 32-bit integer to single precision float conversion to warning
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.

ID: Title	hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g – Algorithms are accurate • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g – Algorithms are accurate • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (2) Strongly typed programming language • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) Defensive programming • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) Use of language subsets • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) Enforcement of strong typing • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) Use of defensive implementation techniques • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) Strongly Typed Programming Language • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) Defensive Programming
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Type Conversion Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing

ID: Title	hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Model Referencing pane, set the Model Referencing parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Model block version mismatch to <code>error</code> • Port and parameter mismatch to <code>error</code> • Invalid root Inport/Outport block connection to <code>error</code> • Unsupported data logging to <code>error</code>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.d – High-level requirements are verifiable • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.d – Low-level requirements are verifiable. • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b – Software architecture is consistent • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Model Referencing Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow

ID: Title	hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Diagnostics > Stateflow pane, set these parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unexpected backtracking to <code>error</code> • Invalid input data access in chart initialization to <code>error</code> • No unconditional default transitions to <code>error</code> • Transitions outside natural parent to <code>error</code> • Unreachable execution path to <code>error</code>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design and promote a clear modeling style.

ID: Title	hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow
<p>Model Advisor Checks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related diagnostic settings for Stateflow.</p>
<p>References</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.d 'Low-level requirements are verifiable' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset

ID: Title	hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Stateflow Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
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Optimizations

In this section...
“hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)” on page 5-32
“hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction” on page 5-34
“hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)” on page 5-35
“hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold” on page 5-37
“hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization” on page 5-38
“hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values” on page 5-40
“hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions” on page 5-41
“hisl_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems” on page 5-43

hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)

ID: Title	hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior when using logical operators, relational operators, and the Combinatorial Logic block,	
	A	Select Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double) in the Configuration Parameters dialog box.
Notes	Selecting the Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double) parameter, enables Boolean type checking, which produces an error when blocks that prefer Boolean inputs connect to double signals. This checking results in generating code that requires less memory.	
Rationale	A	Avoid ambiguous model behavior and optimize memory for generated code.

ID: Title	hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' • DO-331, MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction

ID: Title	hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction	
Description	To support unambiguous presentation of the generated code and support traceability between a model and generated code,	
	A	Clear the Block reduction parameter in the Configuration Parameters dialog box.
Notes	Selecting Block reduction might optimize blocks out of the code generated for a model. This results in requirements without associated code and violates traceability objectives.	
Rationale	A	Support unambiguous presentation of generated code.
	A	Support traceability between a model and generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e ‘Source code is traceable to low-level requirements’ • IEC 61508-3, Clauses 7.4.7.2, 7.4.8.3, and 7.7.2.8 which require to demonstrate that no unintended functionality has been introduced
See Also	“Block reduction” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)

ID: Title	hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)	
Description	To support the robustness of systems that run continuously, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Optimization pane:	
	A	Set Application lifespan (days) to <code>inf</code> .
Notes	Embedded applications might run continuously. Do not assume a limited lifespan for timers and counters. When you set Application lifespan (days) to <code>inf</code> , the simulation time is less than the application lifespan.	
Rationale	A	Support robustness of systems that run continuously.

ID: Title	hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Application lifespan (days)” in the Simulink documentation • –“hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time” on page 5-2
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold

ID: Title	hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold	
Description	To support unambiguous code, set the minimum signal or parameter width for generating a <code>for</code> loop. In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Optimization > Signals and Parameters pane,	
	A	Set Loop unrolling threshold to 2 or greater.
Notes	The Loop unrolling threshold parameter specifies the array size at which the code generator begins to use a <code>for</code> loop, instead of separate assignment statements, to assign values to the elements of a signal or parameter array. The default value is 5.	
Rationale	A	Support unambiguous generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings for Loop unrolling threshold.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.4.e—Source code is traceable to low-level requirements. • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language Subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 6.1
See Also	“Loop unrolling threshold” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization

ID: Title	hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization	
Description	To support complete definition of data and initialize internal and external data to zero, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Optimization pane,	
	A	Clear Remove root level I/O zero initialization.
	B	Clear Remove internal data zero initialization.
Note	Explicitly initialize all variables. If the run-time environment of the target system provides mechanisms to initialize all I/O and state variables, consider using the initialization of the target as an alternative to the suggested settings.	
Rationale	A, B	Support fully defined data in generated code.

ID: Title	hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
See Also	<p>Information about the following parameters in the Simulink documentation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Remove root level I/O zero initialization” • “Remove internal data zero initialization”
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values

ID: Title	hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values	
Description	To support verifiable code, In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Optimization pane,	
	A	Consider selecting Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values .
Notes	Avoid overflows as opposed to handling them with wrapper code. For blocks that have the parameter Saturate on overflow cleared, clearing Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values might add code that wraps out of range values, resulting in unreachable code that cannot be tested.	
Rationale	A	Support generation of code that can be verified.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 2.1
See Also	“Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions

ID: Title	hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions	
Description	To support the robustness of the operations, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Optimization pane,	
	A	Clear Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions .
Note	Avoid division-by-zero exceptions. If you clear Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions , the code generator produces code that guards against division by zero for fixed-point data.	
Rationale	A	Protect against divide-by-zero exceptions for fixed-point code.

ID: Title	hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related optimization settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related optimization settings.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language Subset' • IEC 61508-3 Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1
See Also	“Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions” in the Simulink documentation

ID: Title	hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems

ID: Title	hisl_0055: Prioritized configuration objectives for high-integrity systems	
Description	Prioritize objectives for high-integrity systems using the Code Generation Advisor by:	
	A	Assigning the highest priority to the high-integrity and traceability objectives (<code>Safety precaution</code> and <code>Traceability</code>)
	B	Configuring the Code Generation Advisor to run before generating code by setting Check model before generating code to <code>On (proceed with warnings)</code> or <code>On (stop for warnings)</code> .
Notes	<p>Model configuration parameters provide control over many aspects of generated code. The prioritization of objectives specifies how configuration parameters are set when conflicts between objectives occur.</p> <p>Including the <code>ROM</code>, <code>RAM</code>, and <code>Execution efficiency</code> objectives with a lower priority in the list enables efficiency optimizations that do not conflict with <code>Safety precaution</code> and <code>Traceability</code> in the active configuration.</p> <p>Review the resulting parameter configurations to verify that safety requirements are met.</p>	
Rationale	A, B	When you use the Code Generation Advisor, configuration parameters conform to the objectives that you want and they are consistently enforced.

ID: Title	hisl_0055: Prioritized configuration objectives for high-integrity systems
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language Subset' IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets' ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
See also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Set Objectives — Code Generation Advisor Dialog Box” (Simulink Coder) • “Manage a Configuration Set” • “cgsl_0301: Prioritization of code generation objectives for code efficiency”
Last Changed	R2016a

Model Referencing

hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing

ID: Title	hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Model Referencing pane, set the Options for all referenced models and Options for referencing this model parameters as follows:	
	A	Set Rebuild to either <code>Never</code> or <code>If any changes detected</code> .
	B	Set Never rebuild diagnostic to <code>Error</code> if rebuild required. This diagnostic parameter is available only if Rebuild is set to <code>Never</code> .
	C	Clear Pass fixed-size scalar root inputs by value for code generation .
Rationale	D	Clear Minimize algebraic loop occurrences .
	A	To prevent unnecessary regeneration of the code, resulting in changing only the date of the file and slowing down the build process when using model references.
	B	For safety-related applications, an error should alert model developers that the parent and referenced models are inconsistent.
	C	To prevent unpredictable data because scalar values can change during a time step.
	D	To be compatible with the recommended setting of Single output / update function for embedded systems code.

ID: Title	hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing
<p>Model Advisor Checks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related model referencing settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related model referencing settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related model referencing settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related model referencing settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related model referencing settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related model referencing settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related model referencing settings.</p>
<p>References</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'
<p>Last Changed</p>	<p>R2017b</p>

Code Generation

In this section...
“hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments” on page 5-47
“hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface” on page 5-49
“hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style” on page 5-51
“hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols” on page 5-52

hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments

ID: Title	hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Code Generation > Comments pane, set the Overall control , Auto generated comments , and Custom comments parameters as follows:	
	A	Select Include comments .
	B	Select Simulink block comments .
	C	Select Show eliminated blocks .
	D	Select Verbose comments for SimulinkGlobal storage class .
	E	Select Requirements in block comments .
Rationale	A	Including comments provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	B	Including comments that describe the code for blocks provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	C	Including comments that describe the code for blocks eliminated from a model provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	D	Including the names of parameter variables and source blocks as comments in the model parameter structure declaration in <code>model_prm.h</code> provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	E	Including requirement descriptions assigned to Simulink blocks as comments provides good traceability between the code and the model.

ID: Title	hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface

ID: Title	hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Code Generation > Interface pane, set the Software environment , Code interface , and Data exchange interface parameters as follows:	
	A	Clear Support: non-finite numbers .
	B	Clear Support: absolute time .
	C	Clear Support: continuous time .
	D	Clear Support: non-inlined S-functions .
	E	Clear Classic call interface .
	F	Select Single output / update function .
	G	Clear Terminate function required .
	H	Select Suppress error status in real-time model data .
I	Clear MAT-file logging .	
Rationale	A	Support for non-finite numbers is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	B	Support for absolute time is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	C	Support for continuous time is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	D	Support for non-inlined S-functions requires support of non-finite numbers, which is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	E	To eliminate model function calls compatible with the main program module of the pre-2012a GRT target that is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems; use an ERT based target instead.
	F	To simplify the interface to the real-time operating system (RTOS) and simplify verification of the generated code by creating a single call to both the output and update functions.
	G	To eliminate <code>model_terminate</code> function, which is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.

ID: Title	hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface	
	H	To eliminate extra code for logging and monitoring error status that might not be reachable for testing.
	I	To eliminate extra code for logging test points to a MAT file that is not supported by embedded targets.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.c 'High-level requirements are compatible with target computer' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.c 'Low-level requirements are compatible with target computer' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' 	
Last Changed	R2017b	

hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style

ID: Title	hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Code Generation > Code Style pane, set the Code Style parameters as follows:	
	A	Set Parenthesis level to Maximum (Specify precedence with parentheses).
	B	Select Preserve operand order in expression .
	C	Select Preserve condition expression in if statement .
Rationale	A	To prevent unexpected results.
	B,C	To improve traceability of the generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.c 'High-level requirements are compatible with target computer' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.c 'Low-level requirements are compatible with target computer' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 12.1
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols

ID: Title	hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Code Generation > Symbols pane, set the Auto-generated identifier naming rules parameters as follows:	
	A	Set Minimum mangle length to 4 or greater.
Rationale	A	To minimize the likelihood that parameter and signal names will change during code generation when the model changes. Thus the option can decrease the effort to perform code review.

ID: Title	hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Configuration > Check safety-related code generation settings <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check safety-related code generation settings.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'
Last Changed	R2017b

Naming Considerations

Naming Considerations

In this section...

“hisl_0031: File and folder names” on page 6-2

“hisl_0032: Model object names” on page 6-3

hisl_0031: File and folder names

ID: Title	hisl_0031: File and folder names
Description	<p>For file and folder names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use these characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, and the underscore (_). • Use strings that are more than 2 and less than 64 characters. (<i>Not including the dot and file extension</i>). <p>Do not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Start the name with a number. • Use underscores at the beginning or end of a string. • Use more than one consecutive underscore. • Use underscores in file extensions. • Use reserved identifiers.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Readability • Compiler limitations • Model-to-generated code traceability
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: ar_0001: Filenames • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: ar_0002: Directory names
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0031: File and folder names
Examples	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • File name: <code>My_data.mat</code> • Path and folder name: <code>/date_2015_08_11/sources/aou</code> <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • File name: <code>_My_data.mat</code> • Path and folder name: <code>/2015_08_11/_sources/äöü</code>

hisl_0032: Model object names

ID: Title	hisl_0032: Model object names
Description	<p>For the following model object names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signals • Parameters • Blocks • Named Stateflow objects (States, Boxes, Simulink Functions, Graphical Functions, Truth Tables) <p>Use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • These characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, and the underscore (<code>_</code>). • Strings that are fewer than 32 characters. <p>Do not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Start the name with a number. • Use underscores at the beginning or end of a string. • Use more than one consecutive underscore. • Use reserved identifiers.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Readability • Compiler limitations • Model-to-generated code traceability

ID: Title	hisl_0032: Model object names
<p>Model Advisor Checks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Naming > Check model object names • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Naming > Check model object names • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Naming > Check model object names • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Naming > Check model object names • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Naming > Check model object names <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check model object names.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check model object names.</p>
<p>See Also</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0201: Usable characters for Subsystem names • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0211: Usable characters for Inport blocks and Outport blocks • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0221: Usable characters for signal line names • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0231: Usable characters for block names • MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: na_0030: Usable characters for Simulink Bus names
<p>Last Changed</p>	<p>R2016a</p>
<p>Example</p>	<p>Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Block name: My_Controller • Signal name: a_b <p>Not Recommended</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Block name: My Controller • Signal name: 12a__b

MISRA C:2012 Compliance Considerations

- “Modeling Style” on page 7-2
- “Block Usage” on page 7-16
- “Configuration Settings” on page 7-23
- “Stateflow Chart Considerations” on page 7-28
- “System Level” on page 7-36

Modeling Style

In this section...
“hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity” on page 7-2
“hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions” on page 7-9
“hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-11
“hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-13
“hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-14

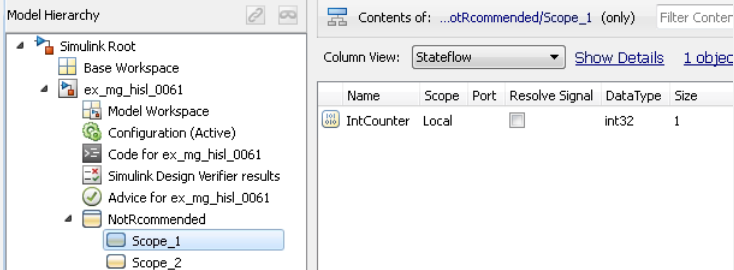
hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity

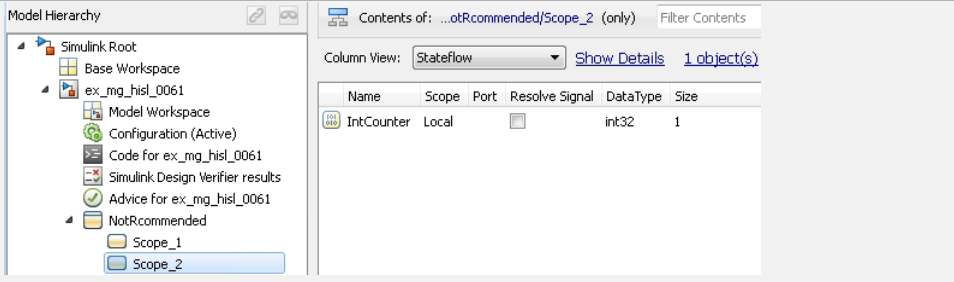
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity	
Description	When developing a model:	
	A	Use unique identifiers for Simulink signals.
	B	Define unique identifiers across multiple scopes within a chart.
Notes	The code generator resolves conflicts between identifiers so that symbols in the generated code are unique. The process is called name mangling.	
Rationale	A, B	Improve readability of a graphical model and mapping between identifiers in the model and generated code.

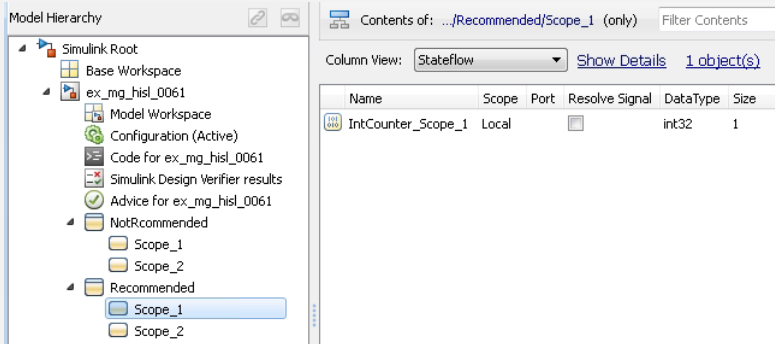
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity
Model Advisor Check	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects.</p>

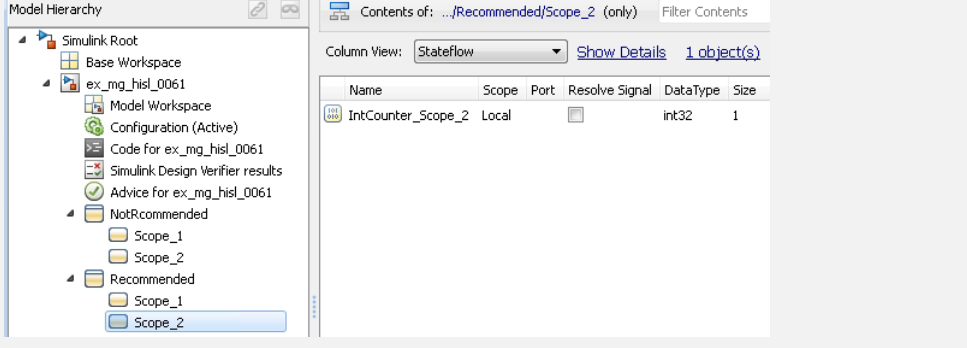
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Stateflow > Check usage of Stateflow constructs <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of Stateflow constructs.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language' • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (5) - Design and coding standards • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) - Use of defensive implementation techniques • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) - Use of established design principles • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) - Use of style guides • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) - Use of naming conventions • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) - Defensive Programming • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset • EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide'
See Also	"Code Appearance" (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder™ documentation

ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity
Last Changed	R2017b

ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity												
Examples	<p data-bbox="373 305 638 333">Not Recommended</p> <p data-bbox="373 361 1225 423">In the following example, two states <code>Scope_1</code> and <code>Scope_2</code> use local identifier <code>IntCounter</code>.</p> <div data-bbox="400 475 1243 944" style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p data-bbox="406 482 495 506">Scope_1 1</p> <p data-bbox="406 510 750 534">% <code>IntCounter</code> is defined at this scope</p> <p data-bbox="406 538 465 562">entry:</p> <p data-bbox="406 565 620 590"><code>IntCounter = int32(0);</code></p> <p data-bbox="406 593 465 618">during:</p> <p data-bbox="406 621 970 645"><code>Chart_Level_Output_S1 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter;</code></p> <p data-bbox="406 649 742 673"><code>IntCounter = IntCounter + int32(1);</code></p> </div> <div data-bbox="400 718 1243 944" style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p data-bbox="406 725 495 749">Scope_2 2</p> <p data-bbox="406 753 750 777">% <code>IntCounter</code> is defined at this scope</p> <p data-bbox="406 781 465 805">entry:</p> <p data-bbox="406 808 620 833"><code>IntCounter = int32(0);</code></p> <p data-bbox="406 836 465 861">during:</p> <p data-bbox="406 864 970 888"><code>Chart_Level_Output_S2 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter;</code></p> <p data-bbox="406 892 742 916"><code>IntCounter = IntCounter + int32(1);</code></p> </div> <p data-bbox="373 1006 1320 1034">The identifier <code>IntCounter</code> is defined for two states, <code>Scope_1</code> and <code>Scope_2</code>.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="688 1128 1104 1315"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Scope</th> <th>Port</th> <th>Resolve Signal</th> <th>DataType</th> <th>Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IntCounter</td> <td>Local</td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>int32</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	DataType	Size	IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	DataType	Size								
IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1								

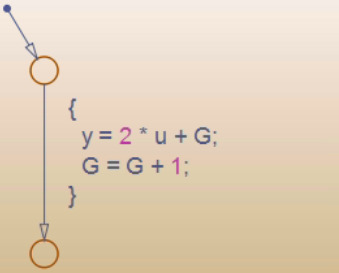
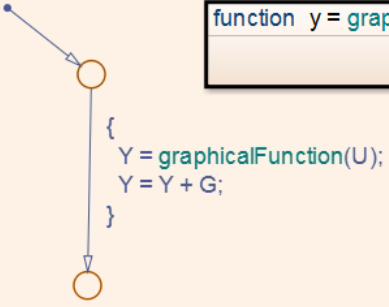
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity												
	 <p>The screenshot displays the Simulink Model Hierarchy and Contents panels for the model 'hisl_0061'. The Model Hierarchy panel on the left shows a tree structure starting with 'Simulink Root', followed by 'Base Workspace', 'ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'Model Workspace', 'Configuration (Active)', 'Code for ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'Simulink Design Verifier results', 'Advice for ex_mg_hisl_0061', and 'NotRecommended'. Under 'NotRecommended', there are two scopes: 'Scope_1' and 'Scope_2', with 'Scope_2' selected. The Contents panel on the right shows the contents of '...otRecommended/Scope_2 (only)'. The Column View is set to 'Stateflow'. A table lists the contents:</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Name</th><th>Scope</th><th>Port</th><th>Resolve Signal</th><th>DataType</th><th>Size</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>IntCounter</td><td>Local</td><td></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>int32</td><td>1</td></tr></tbody></table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	DataType	Size	IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	DataType	Size								
IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1								

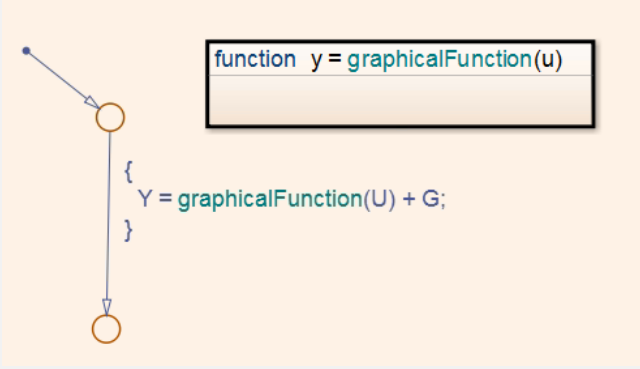
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity												
	<p>Recommended</p> <p>To clarify the model, create unique identifiers. In the following example, state Scope_1 uses local identifier IntCounter_Scope_1. State Scope_2 uses local identifier IntCounter_Scope_2.</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Scope_1 % IntCounter_Scope_1 is defined at this scope entry: IntCounter_Scope_1 = int32(0); during: Chart_Level_Output_S1 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter_Scope_1; IntCounter_Scope_1 = IntCounter_Scope_1 + int32(1);</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Scope_2 % IntCounter_Scope_2 is defined at this scope entry: IntCounter_Scope_2 = int32(0); during: Chart_Level_Output_S2 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter_Scope_2; IntCounter_Scope_2 = IntCounter_Scope_2 + int32(1);</p> </div> <p>The identifier IntCounter_Scope_1 is defined for state Scope_1. Identifier IntCounter_Scope_2 is defined for Scope_2.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="690 1223 1144 1293"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Scope</th> <th>Port</th> <th>Resolve Signal</th> <th>Data Type</th> <th>Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IntCounter_Scope_1</td> <td>Local</td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>int32</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size	IntCounter_Scope_1	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size								
IntCounter_Scope_1	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1								

ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity												
	 <p>The screenshot displays the Simulink Model Hierarchy on the left and the Contents panel on the right. The Model Hierarchy shows a tree structure starting with 'Simulink Root', followed by 'Base Workspace', 'ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'Model Workspace', 'Configuration (Active)', 'Code for ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'Simulink Design Verifier results', 'Advice for ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'NotRecommended', and 'Recommended'. Under 'Recommended', there are two 'Scope_1' and two 'Scope_2' folders. The Contents panel shows a table with the following data:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="690 381 1135 460"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Scope</th> <th>Port</th> <th>Resolve Signal</th> <th>Data Type</th> <th>Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IntCounter_Scope_2</td> <td>Local</td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>int32</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size	IntCounter_Scope_2	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size								
IntCounter_Scope_2	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1								

hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions

ID: Title	hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions
Description	For data with a global scope used in a function, do not use the data in the calling expression if a value is assigned to the data in that function.
Rationale	Enhance readability of a model by removing ambiguity in the values of global variables.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (4) 'Modular approach' • IEC 61508–3, A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards' • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation' • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions' • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard' • EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide' • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' • MISRA C:2012, Rule 13.2 • MISRA C:2012, Rule 13.5
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions
Examples	<p data-bbox="451 302 1319 366">Consider a graphical function <code>graphicalFunction</code> that modifies the global data <code>G</code>.</p> <div data-bbox="476 418 917 770" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p data-bbox="480 423 836 453">function <code>y = graphicalFunction(u)</code></p>  </div> <p data-bbox="451 817 658 847">Recommended</p> <div data-bbox="465 881 1065 1211" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;">  </div> <p data-bbox="451 1246 718 1275">Not Recommended</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions
	

hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	<p>To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, limit the length of user defined names to Maximum identifier length (MaxIdLength).</p> <hr/> <p>Note The default of Maximum identifier length is 31.</p> <hr/> <p>A When working with Subsystem blocks with the block parameter Function name options set to <code>User specified</code>, limit the length of function names to parameter Maximum identifier length (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer.</p>	

ID: Title	hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
	B	Limit the length of data object names to Maximum identifier length (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simulink.AliasType • Simulink.NumericType • Simulink.Variant • Simulink.Bus • Simulink.BusElement • Simulink.IntEnumType
	C	Limit the length of signal and parameter names to Maximum identifier length (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer when using the following storage classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exported Global • Imported Extern • Imported Extern Pointer • Custom storage class <hr/> Note If specified, this includes the length of the Alias name.
Rationale	User defined names of signal and parameter names to Maximum identifier length (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer when using the following storage classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exported Global • Imported Extern • Imported Extern Pointer • Custom storage class <hr/> Note If specified, this includes the length of the Alias name.	

ID: Title	hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.1 • MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.2 • MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.3 • MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.4 • MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.5
Prerequisites	“hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-23
Last Changed	R2017a

hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

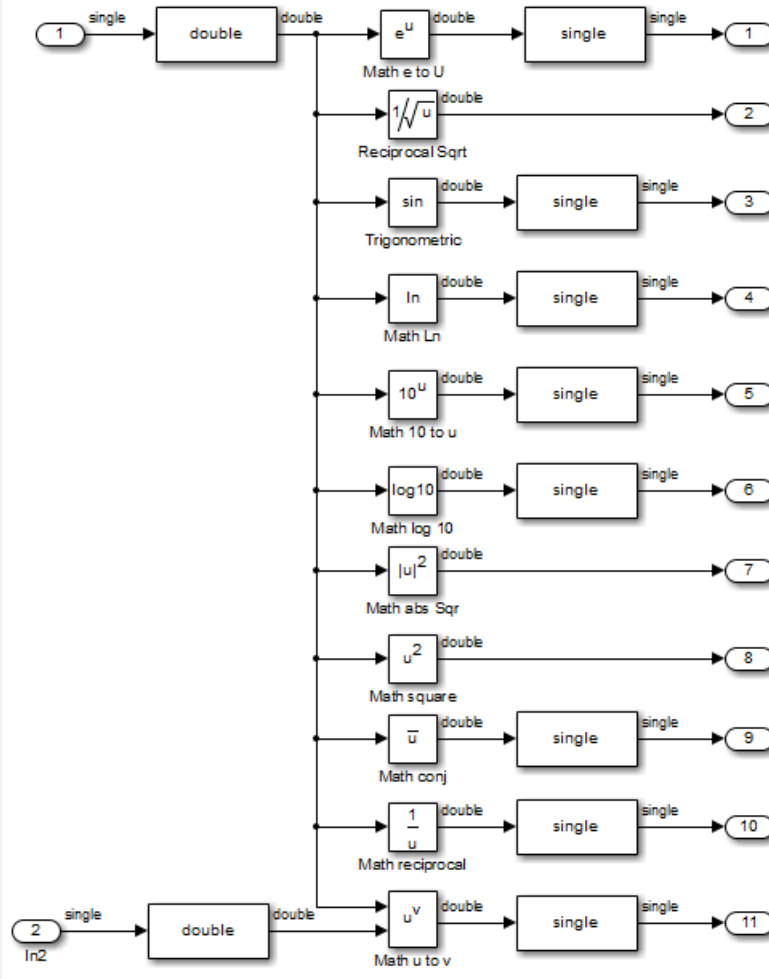
ID: Title	hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, define reserved keywords to prevent identifier clashes within the project namespace.	
	A	In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Simulation Target pane, define reserved identifiers.
	B	Use a consistent set of reserved identifiers for all models.
Notes	Simulink Coder checks models for standard C language key words. Expand the list of reserved identifiers to include project specific identifiers. Examples include target-specific clashes, standard and custom library clashes, and other identified clashes.	
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Model Configuration Parameters: Simulation Target” in the Simulink documentation • “Reserved Keywords” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation • “Reserved names” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation 	
References	MISRA C:2012, Rule 21.2	
Last Changed	R2015b	

hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	<p>To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, insert a data type conversion block when using signals of type single (<code>real32_T</code>) as inputs to the following blocks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Math • Trigonometry • Sqrt <p>The data type conversion block to changes the data type to double (<code>real_T</code>)</p>
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
Notes	The function prototypes for many math functions require an input of type double. To accommodate the function prototype, you can add a data type conversion block. As an alternative to the data type conversion block, you could define a new function interface using the Target Function Library (TFL).
References	N/A
Last Changed	R2015b

ID: Title hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

Example



Recommended

Add a data type conversion block to the input signal of the block. Convert the output signal back to single.

Block Usage

In this section...
“hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-16
“hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-19
“hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-22

hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code:	
	A	Use only blocks that support code generation, as documented in the Simulink Block Support Table.
	B	Do not use blocks that are listed as “Not recommended for production code” in the Simulink Block Support Table.
	C	Do not use Lookup Table blocks using cubic spline interpolation or extrapolation methods.
	D	Do not use deprecated Lookup Table blocks. The deprecated Lookup Table blocks are Lookup and Lookup2D.
	E	Do not use S-Function Builder blocks in the model or subsystem.
	F	Do not use From Workspace blocks in the model or subsystem.
Notes	<p>If you follow this and other modeling guidelines, you can eliminate model constructs that are not suitable for C/C++ production code generation, at the same time, increase the likelihood of generating code that complies with the MISRA C:2012 standard.</p> <p>Choose Simulink Help > Simulink > Block Data Types & Code Generation Support > All Tables to view the block support table.</p> <p>Blocks with the footnote (4) in the Block Support Table are classified as “Not Recommended for production code.”</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C, D	Improve quality and MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.

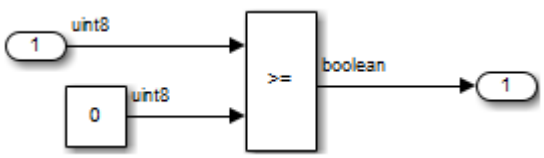
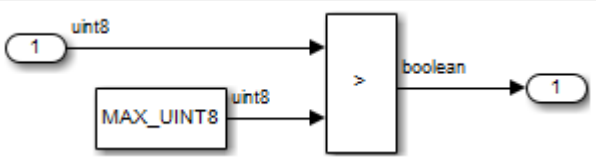
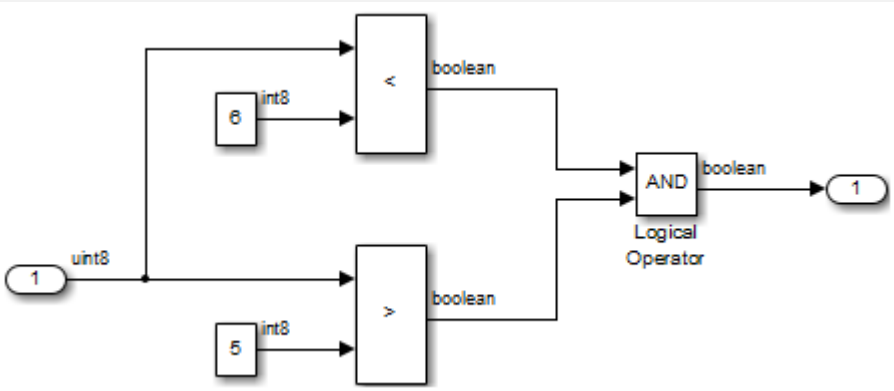
ID: Title	hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance
Model Advisor Checks	<p>To check model for conditions A,B,C, D, E, and F:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012 > Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 <p>For Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012, see Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012</p> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012.</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance
	<p>To check model for conditions A and B:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012 > Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Simulink > Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment <p>For Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012, see Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment</p> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment.</p>

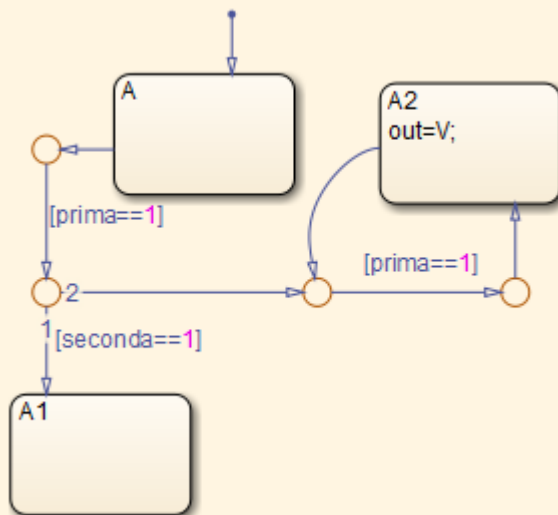
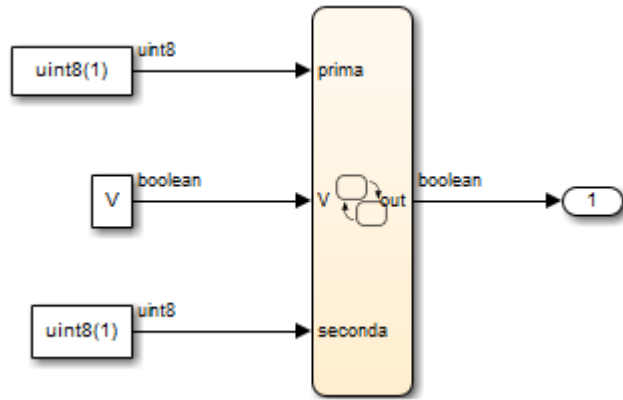
ID: Title	hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b ‘Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent’ DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e ‘Low-level requirements conform to standards’ DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.d ‘Source code conforms to standards’ • IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) - Use of language subsets • EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) - Language Subset • MISRA C: 2012
Last Changed	R2017b

hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C: 2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	<p>To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, avoid comparison operations with invariant results. Comparison operations are performed by the following blocks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If • Logic • Relational Operator • Switch • Switch Case • Compare to Constant
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012, Rule 14.3 • MISRA C:2012, Rule 2.1
Last Changed	R2015b

ID: Title	hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Example	<p>Invariant comparisons can occur in simple or compound comparison operations. In compound comparison operations, the individual components can be variable when the full calculation is invariant.</p> <p>Simple: A uint8 is always greater than or equal to 0.</p>  <p>Simple: A uint8 cannot have a value greater than 256</p>  <p>Compound: The comparison operations are mutually exclusive</p>  <p>Stateflow:</p>

ID: Title hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance



hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, use integer data type for variables that are used as loop control counter variables in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For and while loops constructed in Stateflow and MATLAB. • While Iterator and For Iterator blocks.
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012, Rule 14.1
Last Changed	R2015b

Configuration Settings

hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code,

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
	Set the following model configuration parameters as specified:	
	Configuration Parameter	Value
	Optimization > Simulation and code generation:	
	Use division for fixed-point net slope computation	on or Use division for reciprocals of integers only
	Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Code generation:	
	Bitfield declarator type specifier	uint_T if any of the following Optimization parameters are enabled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Code Generation > Pack Boolean data into bitfields • Optimization > Stateflow > Code Generation > Use bitsets for storing state configuration • Optimization > Stateflow > Code Generation > Use bitsets for storing Boolean data
	Diagnostics:	
	Model Verification block enabling	Disable all
	Diagnostics > Data Validity > Signals:	
	Wrap on overflow	warning or error
	Inf or NaN block output	warning or error
	Hardware Implementation > Device details:	

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
	Configuration Parameter	Value
	Production hardware signed integer division rounds to	Zero or Floor
	Simulation Target:	
	Dynamic memory allocation in MATLAB Function blocks	Cleared (off)
	Code Generation > Target selection:	
	System target file	ERT-based target
	Code Generation > Symbols > Auto-generated identifier naming rules:	
	Maximum identifier length	This should be set to the implementation dependent limit. The default is 31.
	System-generated identifiers	Shortened
	Code Generation > Interface > Software environment:	
	Code replacement library	None or AUTOSAR 4.0
	Shared code placement	Shared location
	Support non-finite numbers	Cleared (off)
	Support complex numbers	Cleared (off) if you do not need complex number support
	Support continuous time	Cleared (off)
	Code Generation > Code Style > Code Style:	
	Parentheses level	Maximum (Specify precedence with parentheses)
	Replace multiplications by powers of two with signed bitwise shifts	Cleared (off)

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
	Configuration Parameter	Value
	Casting modes	Standards Compliant
	Code Generation:	
	Generate shared constants	Cleared (off)
	Mat-file logging	Cleared (off)
	Standard math library	C89/C90 (ANSI) or C99 (ISO) depending on toolchain
	Support non-inlined S-functions	Cleared (off)
	Use dynamic memory allocation for model initialization	Cleared (off) Select only when Code Generation > Interface > Code Interface > Code Interface Packaging is set to Reusable Function.
	ERTFilePackagingFormat is set to Modular.	Use get_param to set ERTFilePackagingFormat to CompactWithDataFile or Compact. If you click Modify to automatically fix the parameter setting, the value is set to Compact.
	PreserveStaticInFcnDecls is set to off.	Use get_param to set PreserveStaticInFcnDecls to on. To set this value, ERTFilePackagingFormat must be set to CompactWithDataFile or Compact.
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.	

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012 > Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012 compliance • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012 compliance • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check configuration parameters for MISRA C: 2012 compliance • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check configuration parameters for MISRA C: 2012 compliance • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check configuration parameters for MISRA C: 2012 compliance • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Code > Check configuration parameters for MISRA C: 2012 compliance <p>For Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012, see Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012</p> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012
Last Changed	R2017b

Stateflow Chart Considerations

In this section...

“hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve code compliance” on page 7-28

“hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve code compliance” on page 7-30

“hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve code compliance” on page 7-31

“hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-33

hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve code compliance

ID: Title	hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve code compliance	
Description	To improve code compliance of the generated code with Stateflow bit-shifting operations, do not perform:	
	A	Right-shift operations greater than the bit-width of the input type, or by a negative value.
	B	Left-shift operations greater than the bit-width of the output type, or by a negative value.
Note	If you follow this and other modeling guidelines, you increase the likelihood of generating code that complies with the coding standards.	
Rationale	A,B	To avoid shift operations in the generated code that might be a coding standard violation.

ID: Title	hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve code compliance
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check usage of shift operations for Stateflow data.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (2) Strongly typed programming language • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) Defensive programming • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) Use of language subsets • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) Enforcement of strong typing • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) Use of defensive implementation techniques • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) Strongly Typed Programming Language • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) Defensive Programming
Prerequisites	"hisf_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-23
Last Changed	R2017b

hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve code compliance

ID: Title	hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve code compliance	
Description	To improve code compliance of the generated code, protect against Stateflow casting integer and fixed-point calculations to wider data types than the input data types by:	
	A	Using the := notation in Stateflow charts that use the C action language
Note	If you follow this and other modeling guidelines, you increase the likelihood of generating code that complies with the coding standards.	
Rationale	A	To avoid implicit casts in the generated code that might be a coding standards violation.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > CCheck type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check assignment operations in Stateflow charts.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check assignment operations in Stateflow charts.</p>	

ID: Title	hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve code compliance
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (2) Strongly typed programming language • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) Defensive programming • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) Use of language subsets • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) Enforcement of strong typing • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) Use of defensive implementation techniques • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) Strongly Typed Programming Language • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) Defensive Programming
Prerequisites	“hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-23
Last Changed	R2017b

hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve code compliance

ID: Title	hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve code compliance	
Description	To improve code compliance of the generated code:	
	A	Do not use unary minus operators on unsigned data types
Note	The MATLAB and C action languages do not restrict the use of unary minus operators on unsigned expressions.	
Rationale	A	Improve code compliance of the generated code.

ID: Title	hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve code compliance
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > CCheck type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > Check type cast operations in Stateflow <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for unary operators.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check Stateflow charts for unary operators.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' • IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (2) Strongly typed programming language • IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) Defensive programming • IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) Use of language subsets • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) Enforcement of strong typing • ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) Use of defensive implementation techniques • EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) Strongly Typed Programming Language • EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) Defensive Programming • MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1
Last Changed	R2017b

hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code for floating point and integer-based operations, do one of the following:	
	A	Perform static analysis of the model to prove that division by zero is not possible
	B	Provide run-time error checking in the generated C code by explicitly modeling the error checking in Stateflow
	C	Modify the code generation process using Code Replacement Libraries (CRLs) to protect against division by zero
	D	For integer-based operations, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the Optimization pane, clear Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions
Note	<p>Using run-time error checking introduces additional computational and memory overhead in the generated code. It is preferable to use static analysis tools to limit errors in the generated code. You can use Simulink Design Verifier or Polyspace® Code Prover™ to perform the static analysis.</p> <p>If static analysis determines that sections of the code can have a division by zero, then add run-time protection into that section of the model (see example). Using a modified CRL or selecting the parameter Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions protects division operations against divide-by-zero operations. However, this action does introduce additional computational and memory overhead.</p> <p>Use only one of the run-time protections (B, C or D) in a model. Using more than one option can result in redundant protection operations.</p>	
Rationale	A,B, C,D	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1 	

ID: Title	hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “What Is Code Replacement?” (Simulink Coder) and “Code Replacement Libraries” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation • “hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)” on page 2-4 • “hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks” on page 2-13 • “hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions” on page 5-41
Last Changed	R2015b

ID: Title	hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Example	<p>Run-time divide by zero protection can be realized using a graphical function. Unique functions should be provided for each data type.</p> <div style="background-color: #fff9c4; padding: 10px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;"><i>Graphical function to model divide-by-zero check</i></p> <pre>{d_int_pro = div_fun_int(b_int, c_int);... d_dbl_pro = div_fun_dbl(b_dbl, c_dbl, 10000.0, 0.001);}</pre> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 45%;"> <p>function result = div_fun_dbl(num, den, maxVal, eps)</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 45%;"> <p>function result = div_fun_int(num, den)</p> </div> </div> <div style="background-color: #fff9c4; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;"><i>Graphical function to model divide-by-zero check</i></p> <pre>{d = div_fun(b,c);}</pre> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>function result = div_fun(num, den)</p> </div> </div>

System Level

In this section...
“hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-36
“hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-37
“hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-37

hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	To improve the MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, encapsulate manually inserted code. This code includes, but is not limited to, C, Fortran, and assembly code.
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “External Code Integration” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation. • “External Code Integration” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation.
Notes	<p>Simulink provides multiple methods for integrating existing code. The user is responsible for encapsulating the generated code.</p> <p>Encapsulation can be defined as “the process of compartmentalizing the elements of an abstraction that constitute its structure and behavior; encapsulation serves to separate the contractual interface of an abstraction and its implementation”^a</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.3
Last Changed	R2015b

^aBooch, Grady, R. Maksimchuk, M. Engle, B. Young, J. Conallen, K. Houston. *Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications*. 3rd ed. Boston, MA: Addison-Wesley Professional, 2007.

hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve the MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, document user defined pragma. In the documentation, include:	
	A	Memory range (start and stop address)
	B	Intended use
	C	Justification for using a pragma
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Control Data and Function Placement in Memory by Inserting Pragas” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation. • “Document Generated Code with Simulink Report Generator” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation. 	
Notes	The Simulink Report Generator™ documents pragmas.	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1 	
Last Changed	R2015b	

hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve the MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code with custom storage classes that use the char data type, use only:	
	A	Plain char type for character values.
	B	Signed and unsigned char type for numeric values.
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Control Data and Function Placement in Memory by Inserting Pragas” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation. • “Control Data and Function Placement in Memory by Inserting Pragas” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation. • “Document Generated Code with Simulink Report Generator” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation. 	

ID: Title	hisl_0403: Use of <code>char</code> data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.2
Last Changed	R2015b

Requirements Considerations

Requirement Considerations

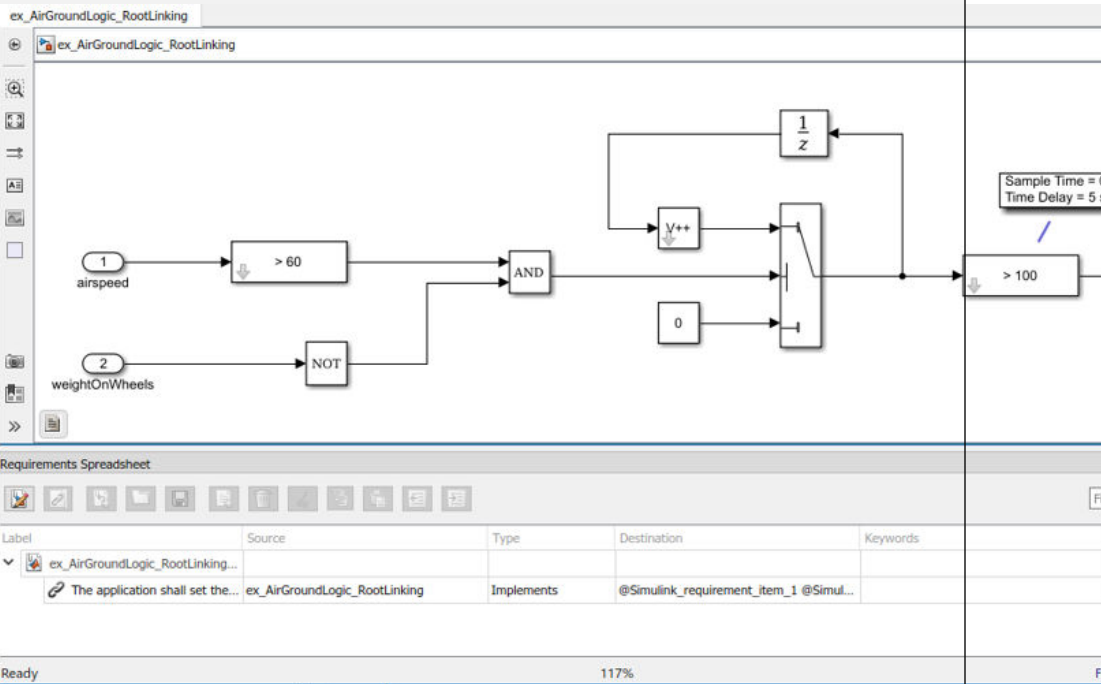
hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model

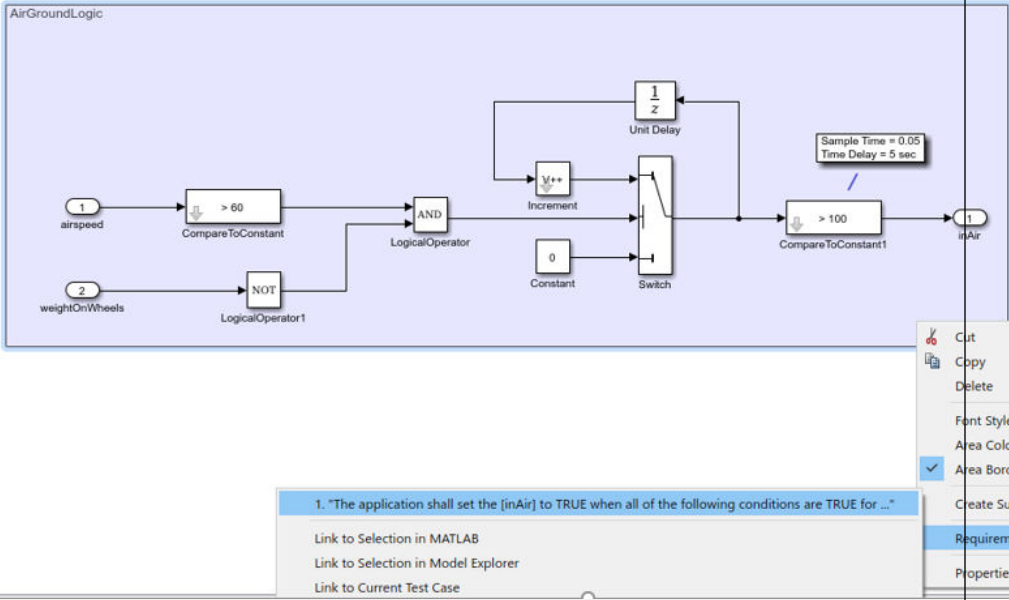
ID: Title	hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model	
Description	Establish bidirectional traceability between model requirements and the model elements that are used to implement the requirement. A single element or combination of elements can link to requirements. When linking requirements, follow these guidelines.	
	A	Apply requirement links to the lowest level component of model elements. Model elements that do not impact the model's behavior or the generated code are exempt from requirement linking. See Notes for additional information.
	B	At the project level, define the maximum number of unique requirement links associated with each component. A minimum of one requirement link is required.
	C	At the project level, define the maximum number of child model elements for each linked component.

ID: Title	hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model	
Notes	<p>Use Simulink Requirements™ to trace between the model and the requirements from which the model was developed. Apply user tags (Simulink Requirements) to define model elements as derived and/or safety requirements.</p> <p>To reduce the number of requirements that are linked to a model, apply requirements at the component-level. A component contains a group of model elements, for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Simulink, a component is a top-level block diagram, subsystem, MATLAB function, or area annotation. • In Stateflow, a component is a chart, superstate, box, Simulink function, or graphical function. <p>Components that contain <i>only</i> these model elements are exempt from requirement linking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Model Info, DocBlock, or System Requirements blocks • Area annotations • Model element with requirement links <p>When a linked component contains a nonexempt child model element, the child implements the associated requirement either in part or whole.</p>	
Rationale	A	Establishing requirement links at the component level captures the relationship of model elements. In addition, maintainability improves because the need to update requirement links for minor logic changes is reduced.
	B, C	Support requirement change impact analysis.

ID: Title	hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.f - High-level requirements trace to system requirements • DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.f - Low-level requirements trace to high-level requirements • IEC 61508-3, Table A.2 (12) - Computer-aided specification and design tools, Table A.2 (9) - Forward traceability between the software safety requirements specification and software architecture, Table A.2 (10) - Backward traceability between the software safety requirements specification and software architecture, Table A.4 (8) - Forward traceability between the software safety requirements specification and software design, Table A.8 (1) - Impact analysis • IEC 62304, 5.2 - Software requirements analysis, 7.4.2 - Analyze impact of software changes on existing risk control measures • ISO 26262-6, Table 8 (1a) - Documentation of the software unit design in natural language, ISO 26262-6: 7.4.2.a - The verifiability of the software architectural design, ISO 26262-8: 8.4.3 Change request analysis • EN 50128, Table A.3 (23) - Modeling supported by computer aided design and specification tools, Table D.58 - Traceability, Table A.10 (1) - Impact Analysis

ID: Title	hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model
Model Advisor Check	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Task > Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 > High-Integrity Systems > Requirements > Check for model elements that do not link to requirements • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 > High-Integrity Systems > Requirements > Check for model elements that do not link to requirements • By Task > Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 > High-Integrity Systems > Requirements > Check for model elements that do not link to requirements • By Task > Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 > High-Integrity Systems > Requirements > Check for model elements that do not link to requirements • By Task > Modeling Standards for EN 50128 > High-Integrity Systems > Requirements > Check for model elements that do not link to requirements <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see Check for model elements that do not link to requirements.</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see Check for model elements that do not link to requirements.</p>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Requirements Traceability in Simulink” • “Requirements Traceability Links” (Simulink Requirements)
Last Changed	R2017b

<p>ID: Title</p>	<p>hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model</p>															
<p>Examples</p>	<p>Recommended: Requirement links on parent component</p> <p>Requirement link placed at the top level model with no subsystems.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a Simulink model window titled 'ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking'. The model contains several blocks: an input 'air speed' (labeled '1') entering a '> 60' comparison block; an input 'weightOnWheels' (labeled '2') entering a 'NOT' block; an 'AND' block receiving inputs from the '> 60' block and the 'NOT' block; a 'Y++' block; a '1/z' block; a '0' block; a switch block; and an output '> 100' comparison block. A 'Sample Time = 0' and 'Time Delay = 5 s' block is also visible. Below the model is a 'Requirements Spreadsheet' with the following data:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Label</th> <th>Source</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Destination</th> <th>Keywords</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking...</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>The application shall set the...</td> <td>ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking</td> <td>Implements</td> <td>@Simulink_requirement_item_1 @Simul...</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Ready 117%</p>	Label	Source	Type	Destination	Keywords	ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking...					The application shall set the...	ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking	Implements	@Simulink_requirement_item_1 @Simul...	
Label	Source	Type	Destination	Keywords												
ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking...																
The application shall set the...	ex_AirGroundLogic_RootLinking	Implements	@Simulink_requirement_item_1 @Simul...													

ID: Title	hisl_0070: Placement of requirement links in a model
	<p>Recommended: Requirement links placed on area annotation</p> <p>Requirement link placed on an area annotation.</p>  <p>1. "The application shall set the [inAir] to TRUE when all of the following conditions are TRUE for ..."</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Link to Selection in MATLAB Link to Selection in Model Explorer Link to Current Test Case

